CHALMERS

UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Optimization of Transonic Axial Compressor Blades

Marcus Lejon*

Niklas Andersson* Lars Ellbrant** Hans Mårtensson**

* Chalmers University of Technology ** GKN Aerospace

- The Axial Compressor
- Project Overview
- The Optimization Process
- The Tip Clearance
- Summary
- Work in-progress

The Axial Compressor

- Project Overview
- The Optimization Process
- The Tip Clearance
- Summary
- Work in-progress

- Consist of rotating and stationary blade rows
- Does work to the flow, increase density and pressure



Figure from rolls-royce.com



Figure from rolls-royce.com







- Distance between the rotor and the casing to avoid contact during engine operation
- Called tip clearance or tip gap



- Factors that influence the tip clearance size
 - Blade shape change due to rotational speed
 - Temperature variation
 - G-forces, e.g. at landing
 - Manufacturing tolerances



Simplified view

۲



- The Axial Compressor
- Project Overview
- The Optimization Process
- The Tip Clearance
- Summary
- Work in-progress

Project Overview

- Improve robustness of compressor blades
- Optimization has been used as a tool to evaluate how surface degradation and the tip clearance can be considered in the design phase
- Industry partner: GKN Aerospace

- The Axial Compressor
- Project Overview
- The Optimization Process
- The Tip Clearance
- Summary
- Work in-progress

The Optimization Process

- Genetic algorithm, mimics evolution in nature
- Design variables are represented by a number of ones and zeros (genes)
 - decoded to return the variable value
- Improving designs generation by generation
 - Tournament selection
 - individuals compete to pass along their genes to the next generation
 - Mutation, $1 \rightarrow 0$ or $0 \rightarrow 1$

The Optimization Process



- The Axial Compressor
- Project Overview
- The Optimization Process
- The Tip Clearance
- Summary
- Work in-progress

- Can be the source of a large part of the total losses
 - Blade height decrease further back in the compressor
 - Tip clearance size relative to the blade height increase
- Limit the stable operating range of a compressor rotor

- Two studies have been made so far within this project related to tip clearance
- 1. Comparing computational models. Predicting performance of an axial compressor with tip clearance. Geometry and test data provided by GKN Aerospace
- 2. Optimization of a compressor stage with and without considering a tip clearance

First study: Compare three computational models



First study: Compare three computational models



• Appears to to predict performance trend well

• Closer to the experimental results in terms of surge margin compared the second approach

• Computational time: 2 h to evaluate one operating point

First study: Compare three computational models



• Close to the experimental values in terms of efficiency and total pressure ratio

- Underestimate surge margin
- Good for validation studies for operating points away from surge
- Computational time: 10 h
 to evaluate one operating point

First study: Compare three computational models

Closest to the experimental data in terms of surge margin

 Good in predicting both efficiency and total pressure ratio

• Computational time: 1 – 2 weeks to evaluate one operating point



Second study: Optimize stage with and without tip clearance



Optimization objectives

High efficiency and high stability

Two Optimizations

- Optimize without any tip clearance

 Evaluate best designs including tip clearance
- 2. Optimize taking the tip clearance into account

Second study: Optimize stage with and without tip clearance



Steady state k-ɛ turbulence model Wall functions

Lessons learned

- Optimize without any tip clearance.
 - New design will not reach design point when evaluated with a tip clearance
 - Sub-optimal designs both in terms of efficiency and stability
- Optimize with a tip clearance
 - Blade geometry was modified to allow for a higher mass flow away from the tip region. Compensate for a lower flow rate at the tip.
 - Efficiency gain of 1.6% for the design with highest efficiency

• Computional time for an optimization increased from 2 days to 7 days

- The Axial Compressor
- Project Overview
- The Optimization Process
- The Tip Clearance
- Summary
- Work in-progress

Summary

- Work in my project has been done on the influence of tip clearance and surface degradation on performance
- Optimization is used as a tool in the project
- Optimize including the tip clearance
 - If the increase in computational time can be allowed for:
 A high gain in efficiency (1.6% in the presented study) could be possible
 - Stage geometry re-designed to reach the design point
- Collaboration with GKN Aerospace

- The Axial Compressor
- Project Overview
- The Optimization Process
- The Tip Clearance
- Summary
- Work in-progress

Work in-progress

- Working with a conference article in the VINK project (Virtual Integrated Compressor Demonstrator) together with Lund University and KTH.
- Working on a publication on how to re-design an axial compressor rotor to improve the surge margin when the tip clearance flow is the cause for surge.

Acknowledgements









Thank you for your attention!

Further reading:

- M. Lejon, L-E. Eriksson, N. Andersson and L. Ellbrant, 2015, Simulation of Tip-Clearance Effects in a Transonic Compressor, Proceedings of ASME Turbo Expo 2015, June 15-19, Montreal, Canada
- M. Lejon, N. Andersson, L. Ellbrant and H. Mårtensson, 2015, CFD Optimization of a Transonic Compressor Stage with a Large Tip Gap, 22nd ISABE Conference, October 25-30, Phoenix, USA
- M. Lejon, N. Andersson, T. Grönstedt, L. Ellbrant and H. Mårtensson, 2016, Optimization of Robust Transonic Compressor Blades, Proceedings of ASME Turbo Expo 2016, June 13-17, Seoul, South Korea



CHALMERS

UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



Additional slides

Surface Degradation

- Caused by ingestion of dust, sand, dirt, foreign objects, ...
- Several percent lower efficiency has been reported for fan blades with a level of surface roughness representative of a long time of in-service use