



**FT2025 Stockholm**

The 12<sup>th</sup> Swedish Aerospace Technology Congress

October 14-15, Stockholm, Sweden

FT25-88946



**Mälardalen  
University**

# Enabling the Decarbonization of Regional Transport with Series Hybrid Electric Propulsion

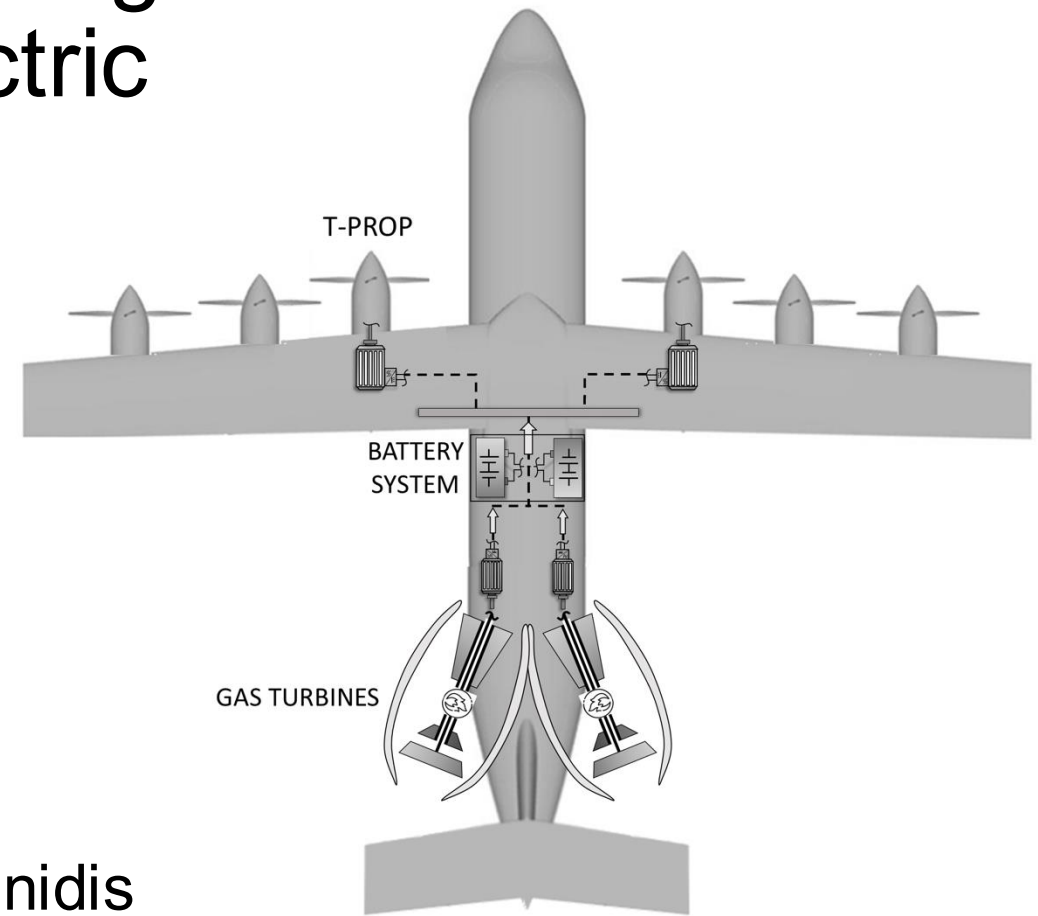
Tuesday, October 14, 2025

**Dimitrios Bermperis**

**Doctoral Candidate**

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Co-authors: Stavros Vouros, Konstantinos Kyprianidis



# Introduction

## General context

### Motivation:

- Ambitious environmental goals
- Electrification of regional aircraft

### Objectives:

- Unified comparison of hybrid electric architectures
- Detailed analysis of **series hybrid** concept

Project / Institution	Aircraft class	Propulsion Architecture					Synergetic technologies
		Parallel	Series	Series/Parallel	Turboelectric	Fully electric	
SUGAR Volt	Single-aisle	✓					
STARC-ABL	Single-aisle				✓		Boundary layer ingestion
NOVAIR	Single-aisle	✓					
Bauhaus Luftfahrt	Single-aisle			✓			Boundary layer ingestion
German Aerospace Centre (DLR)	Regional		✓	✓	✓		Boundary layer ingestion
VoltAir	Regional					✓	Boundary layer ingestion
Georgia Tech	Regional		✓				Distributed propulsion
PEGASUS	Regional	✓				✓	Distributed propulsion
SAFRAN	Commuter			✓	✓		Aft propeller

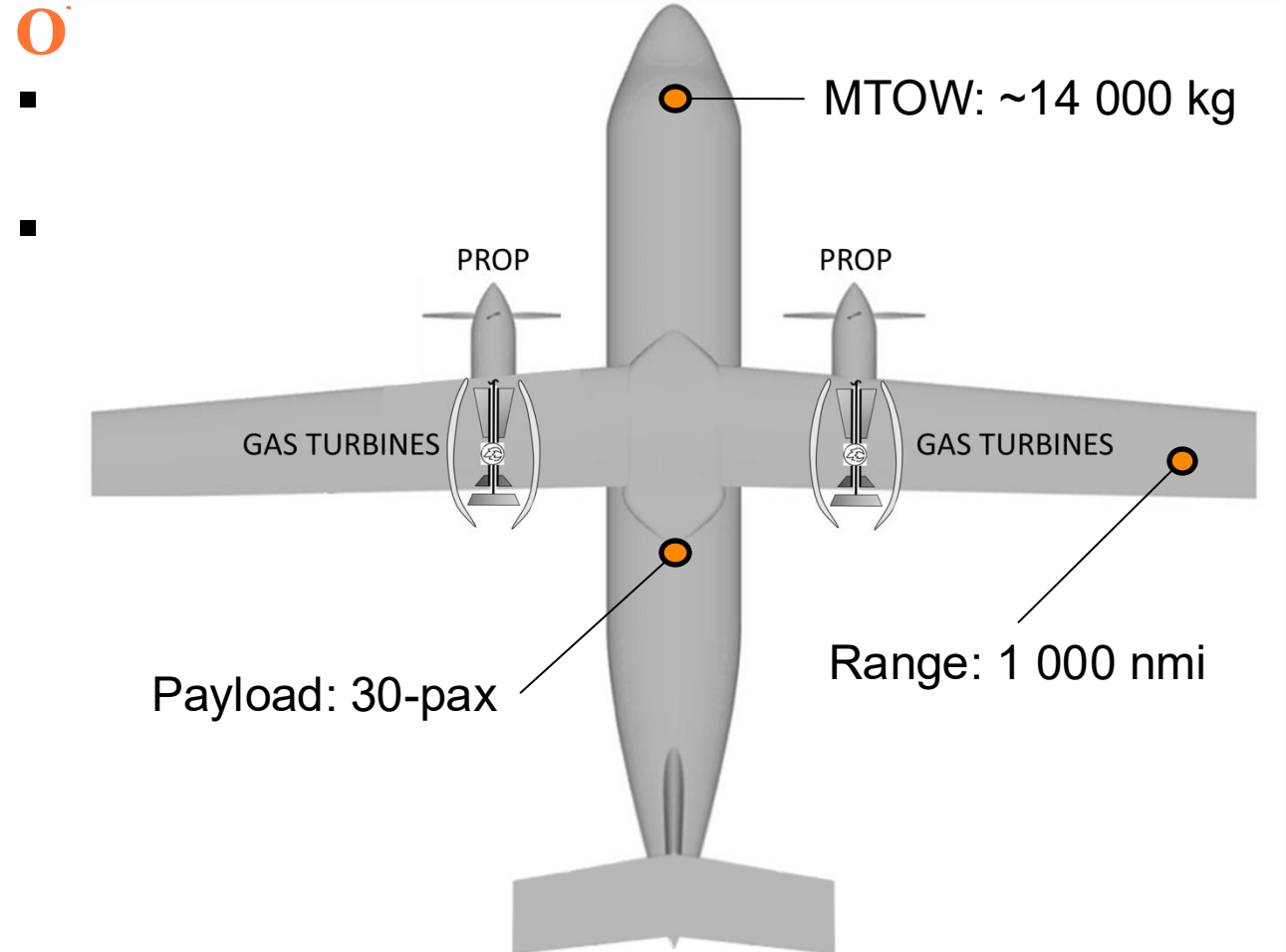
# Introduction

## Hybrid electric configurations

### Motivation:

- Ambitious environmental goals
- Electrification of regional aircraft

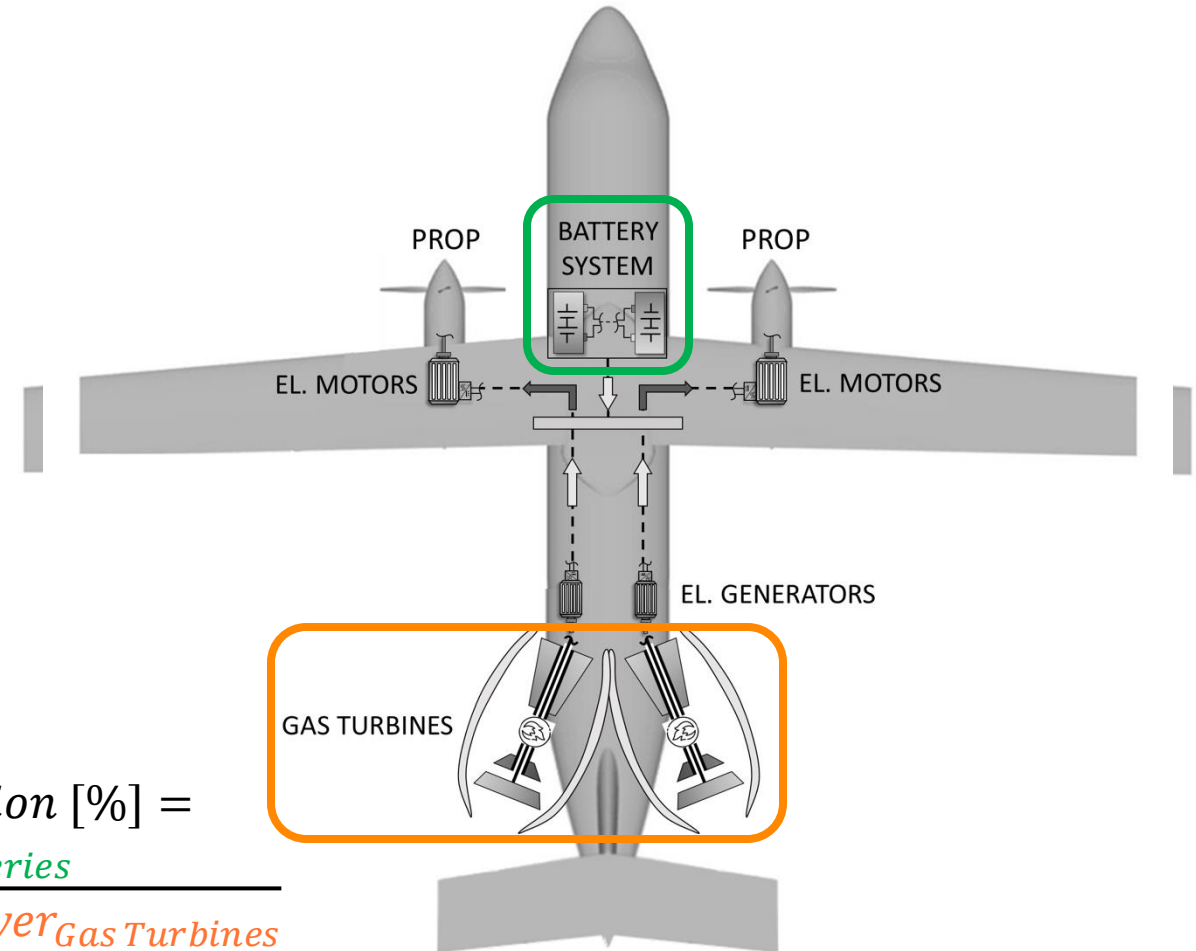
## Conventional Aircraft



**Entry-Into-Service: 2035**

# Introduction

## Series Hybrid Aircraft

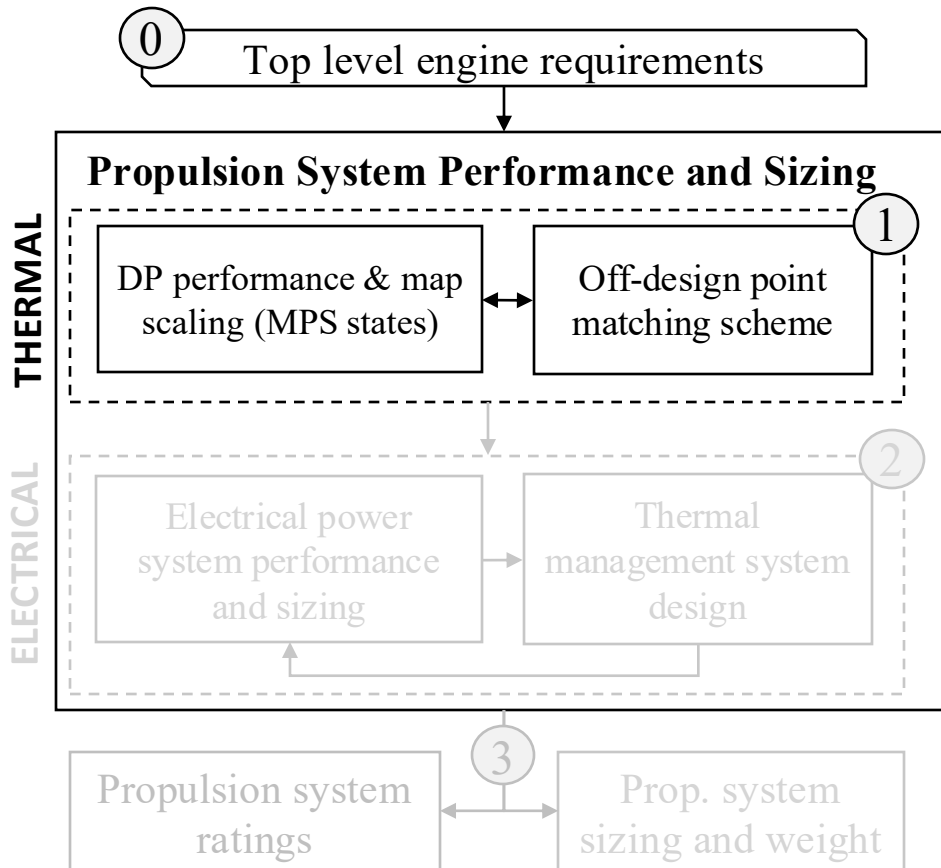


$$\text{Degree of Hybridization [\%]} = \frac{\text{Power}_{\text{Batteries}}}{\text{Power}_{\text{Batteries}} + \text{Power}_{\text{Gas Turbines}}}$$

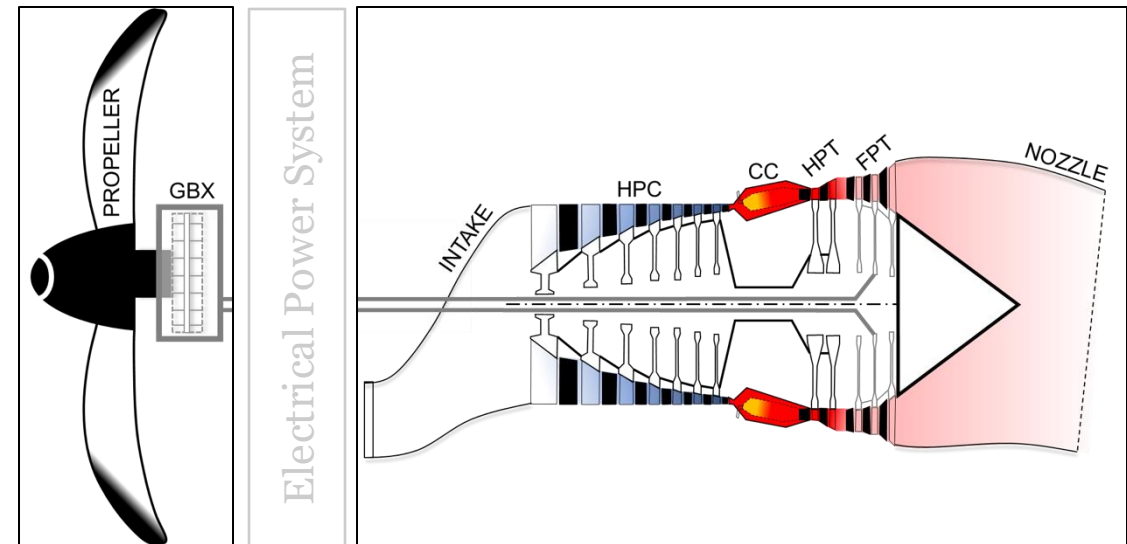
Entry-Into-Service: 2035

# Integrated design methodology

## Propeller and Gas Turbines

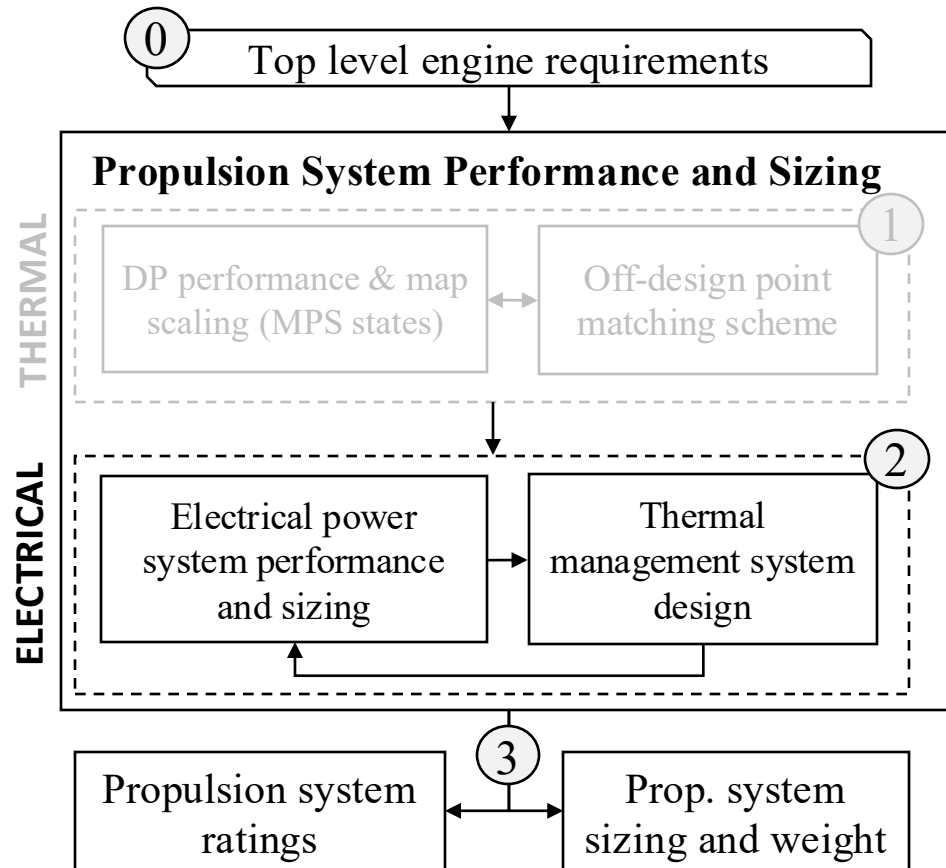


## Propeller & Turboshaft

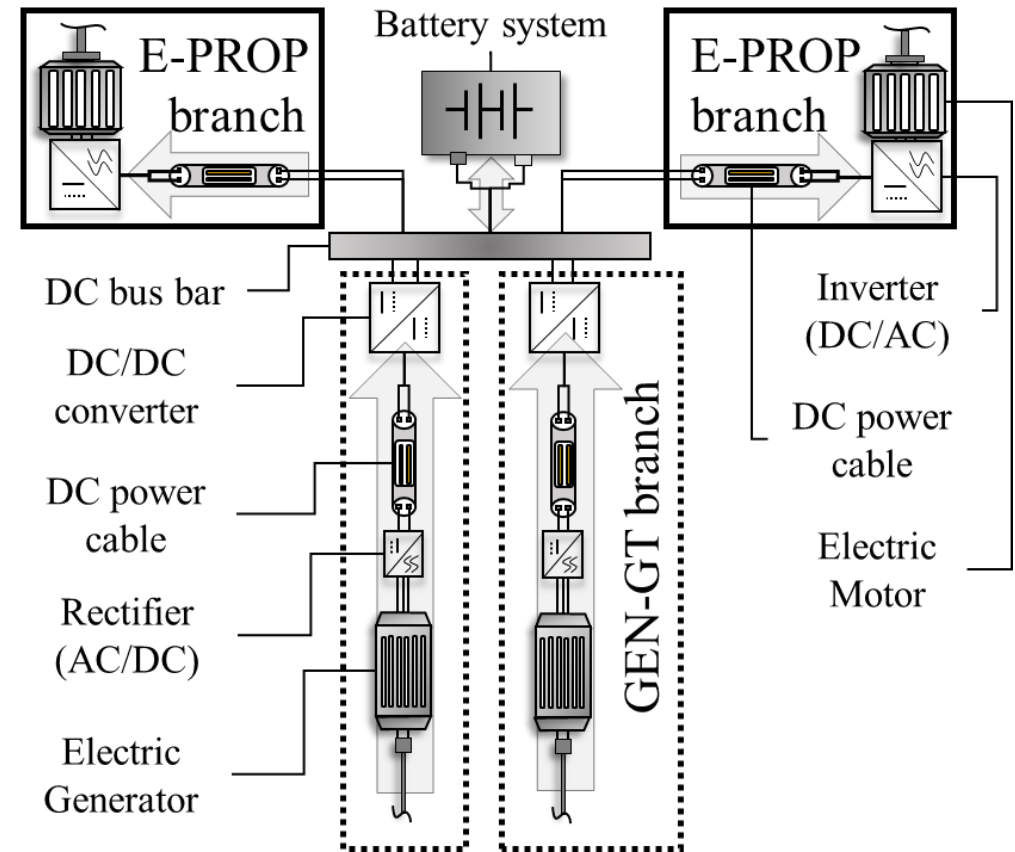


# Integrated design methodology

## Electrical Power System

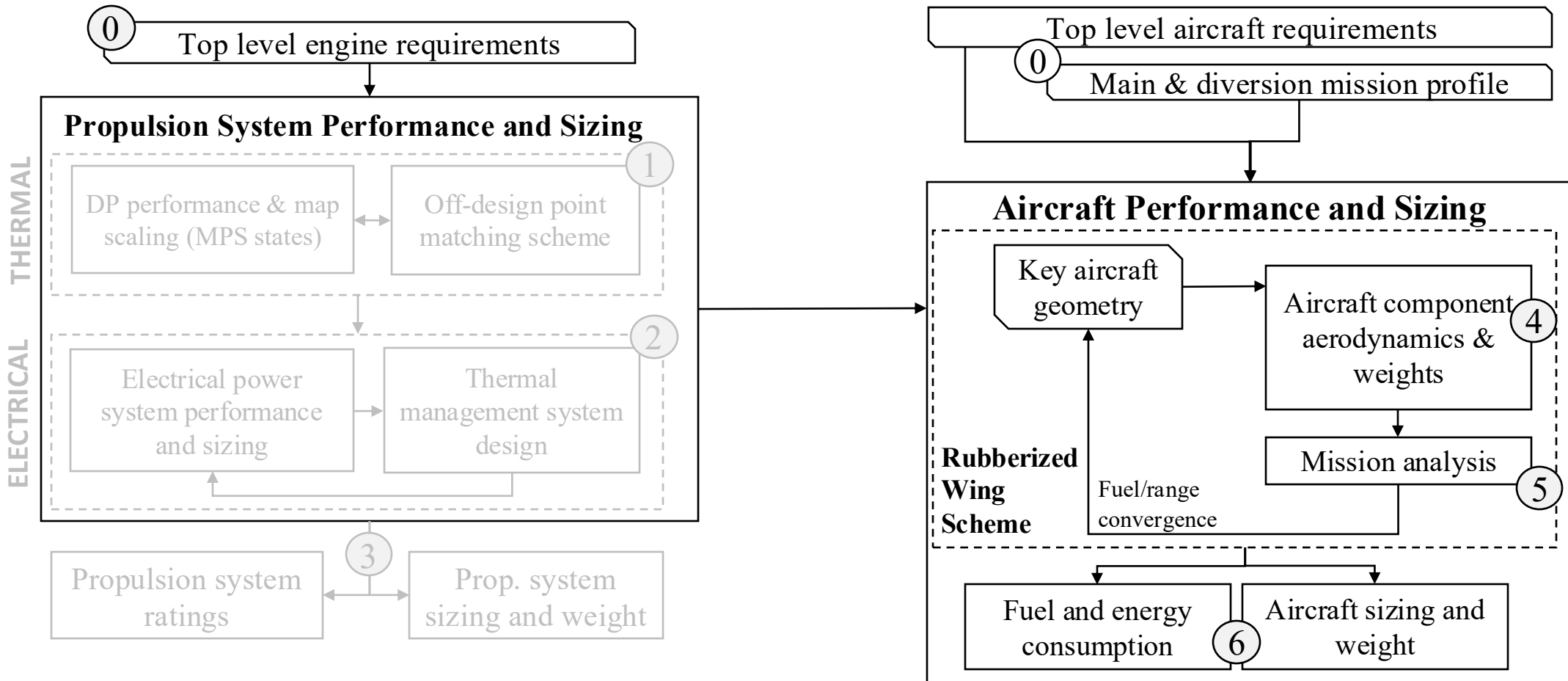


## Electrical Power System (EPS)

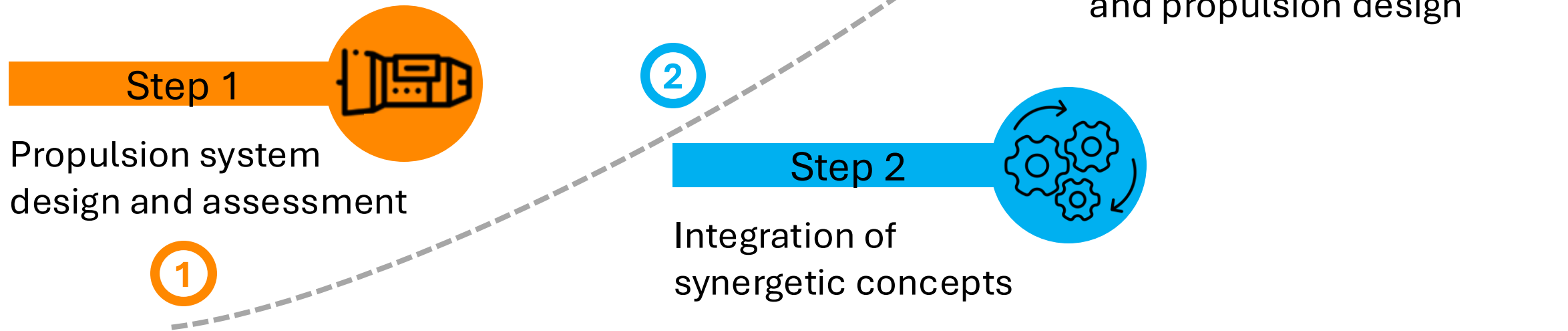


# Integrated design methodology

## Aircraft and Mission

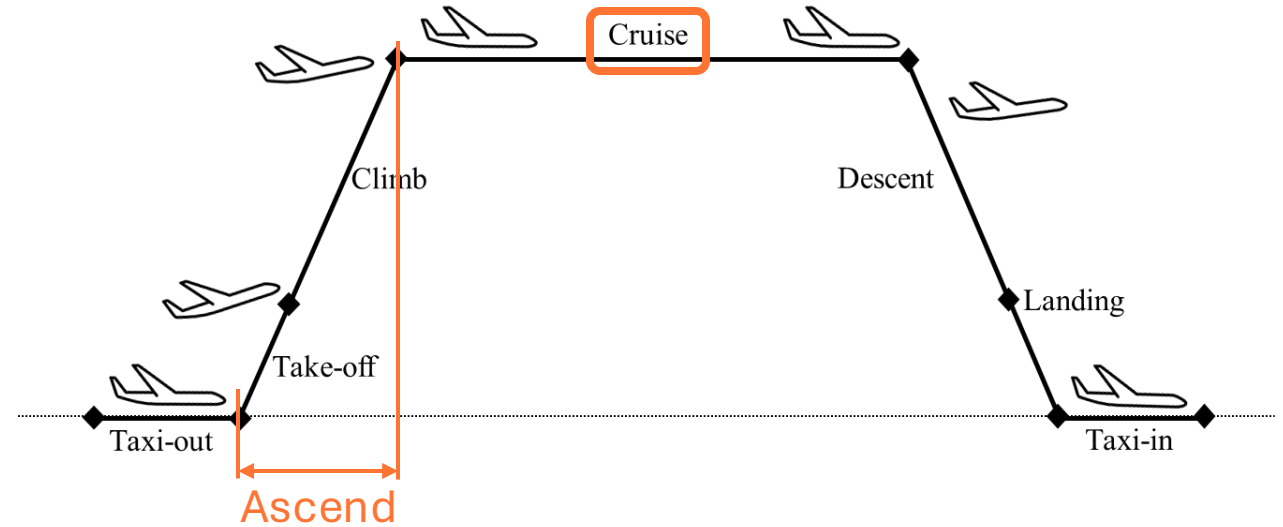
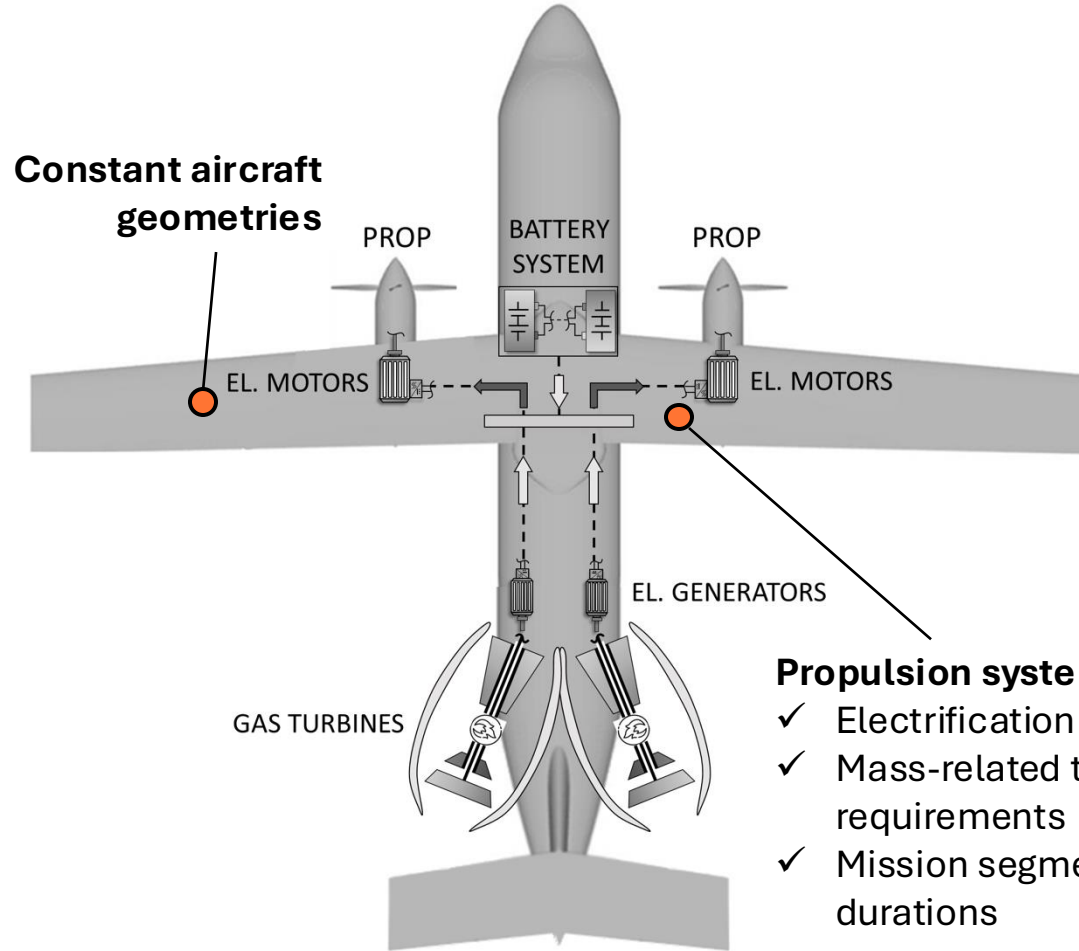


# Conceptual design roadmap



# Propulsion design

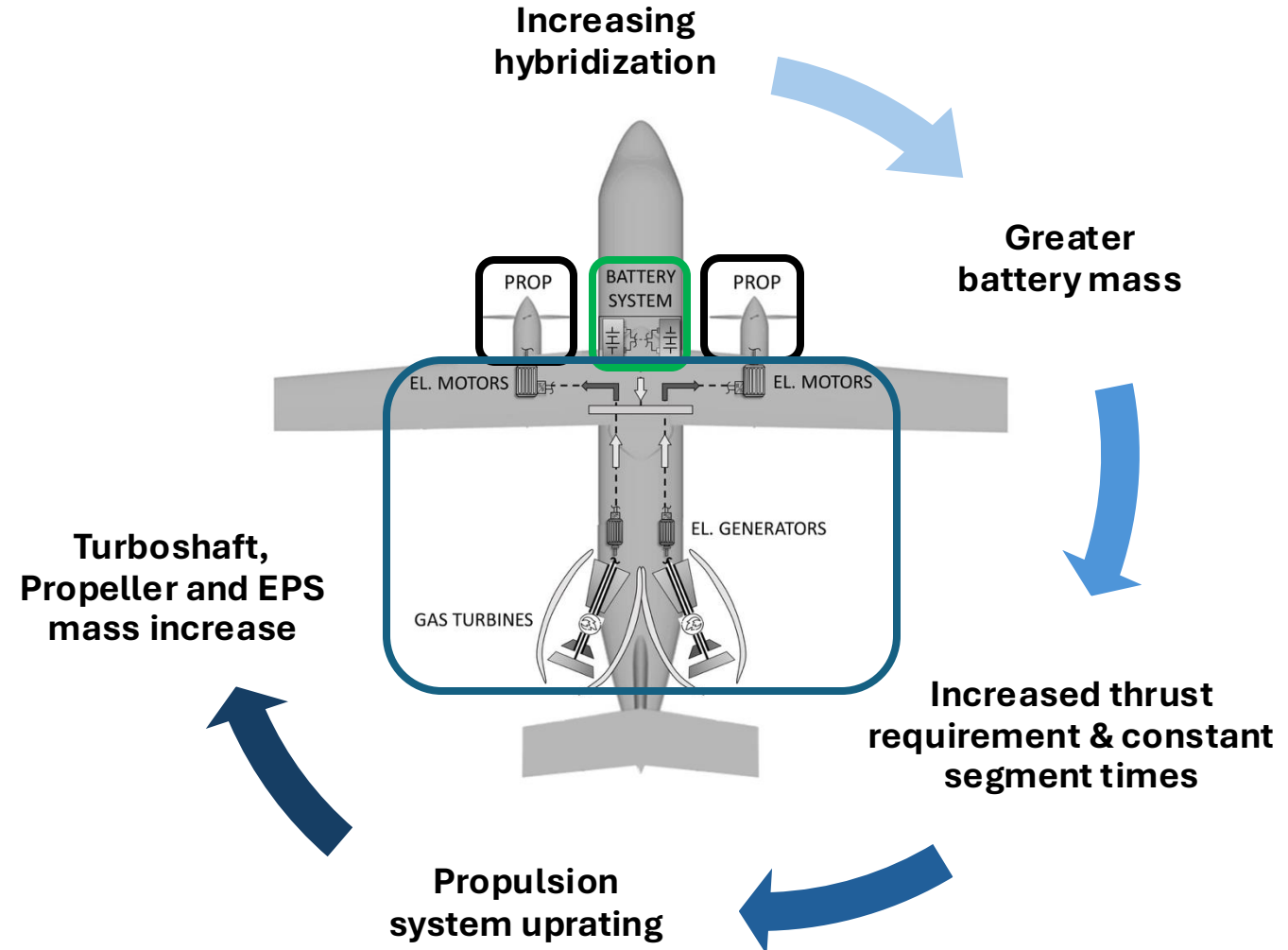
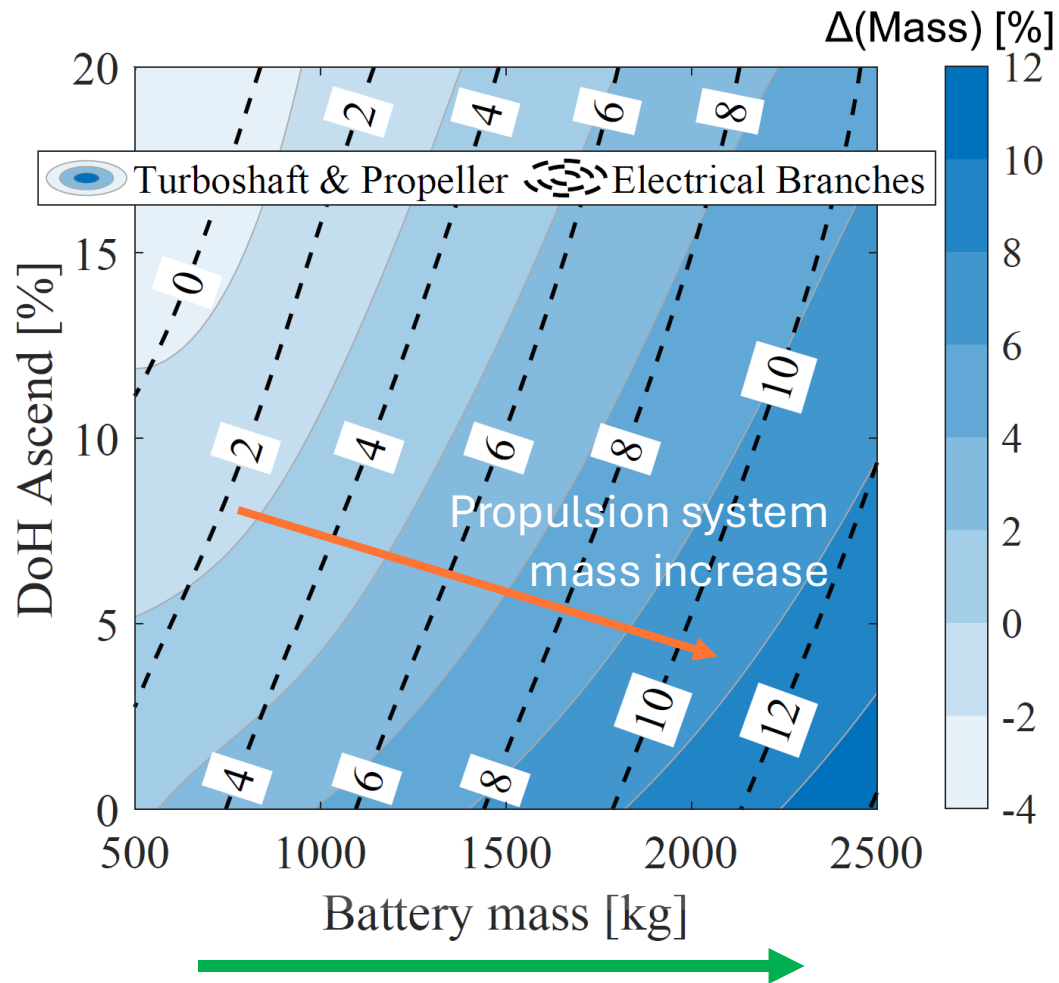
## Design space



Design space variables	Ascend	Cruise
Degree of Hybridization [%]	0 - 20	0 - 15
Battery mass [kg]	125 - 2500	

# Series hybrid electric aircraft

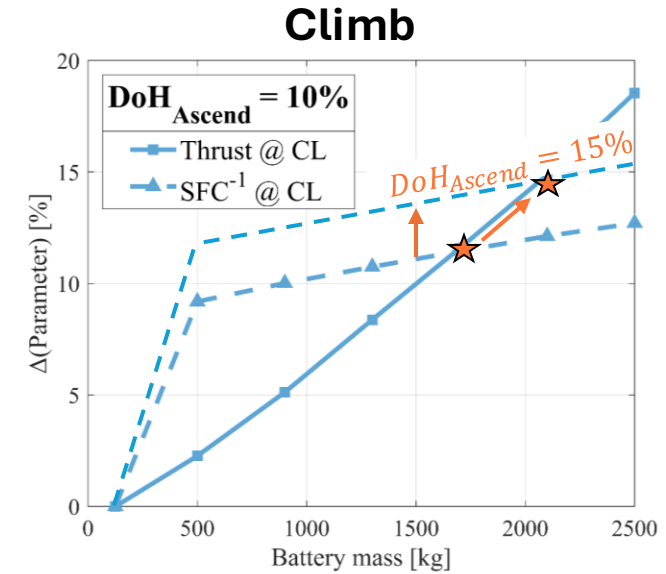
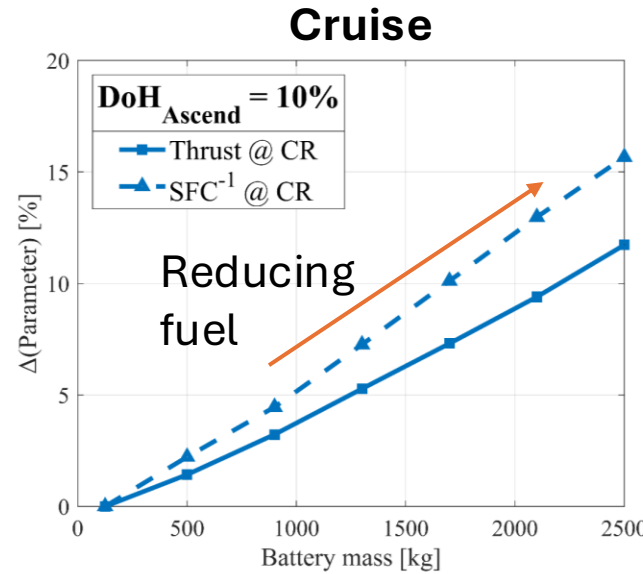
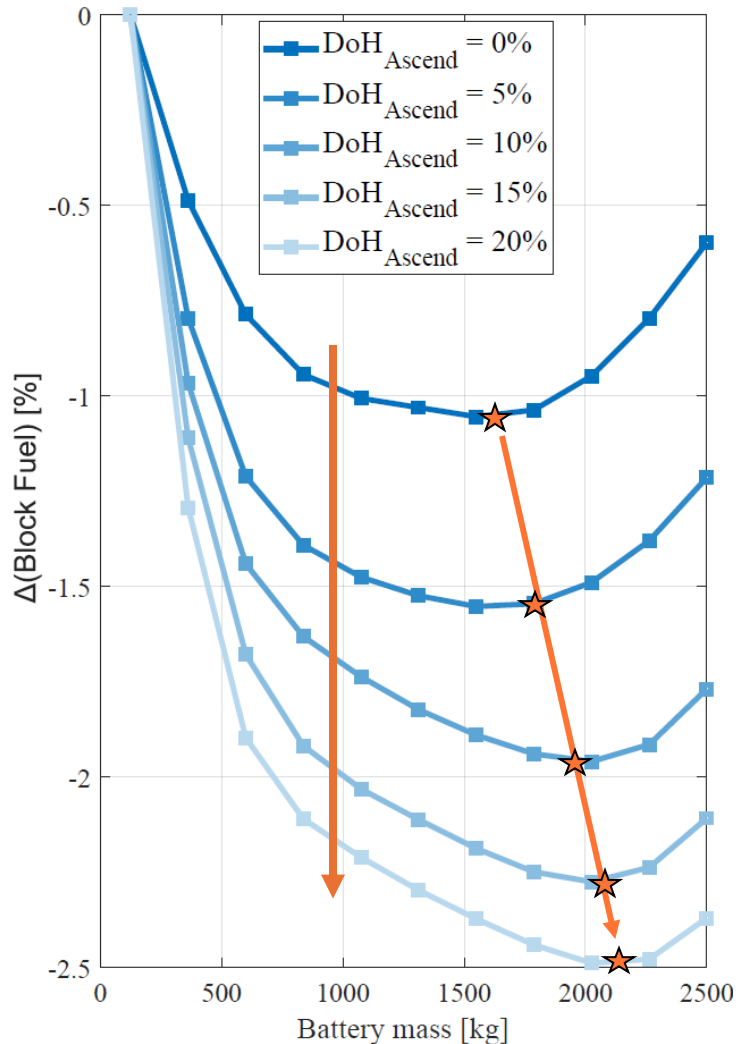
## Sizing aspects



# Series hybrid electric aircraft

## Performance aspects

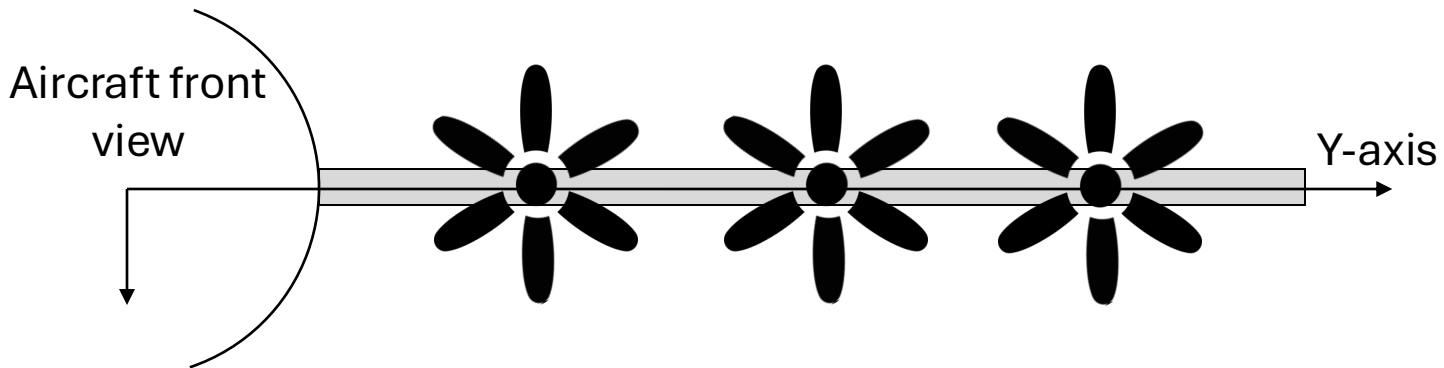
$$SFC^{-1} = \frac{FN}{\dot{m}_{fuel}}$$



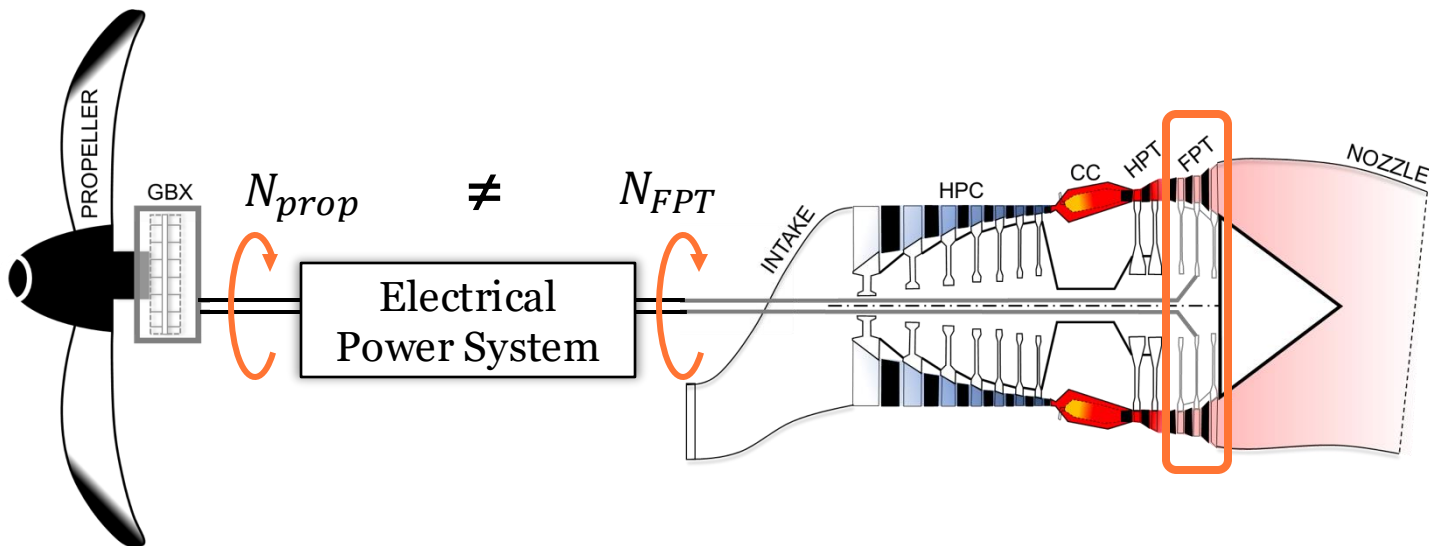
- Increasing ascend hybridization is beneficial
- There is an optimal cruise hybridization for each case
- Ascend hybridization shifts optimal cruise hybridization to larger values

# Synergetic concepts

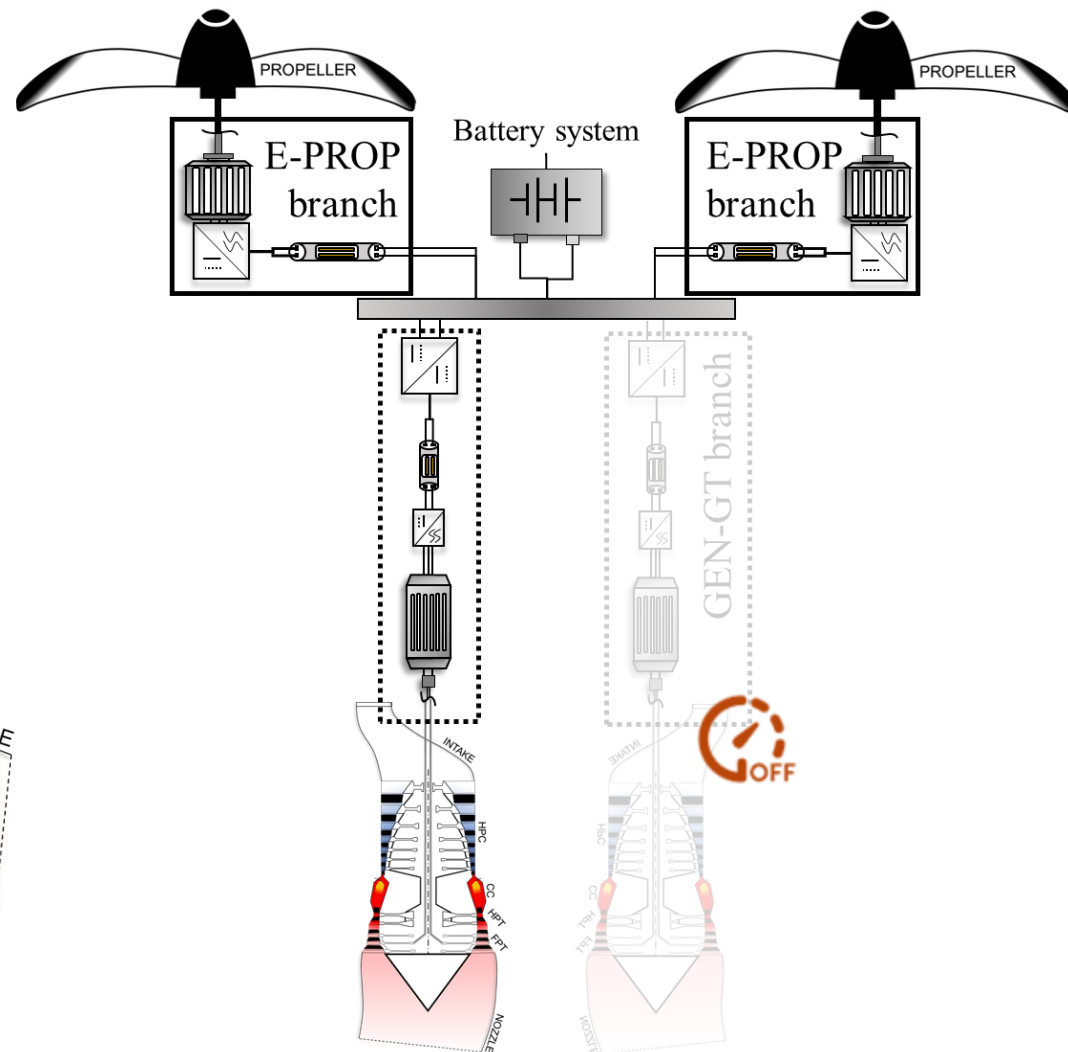
## Distributed propulsion



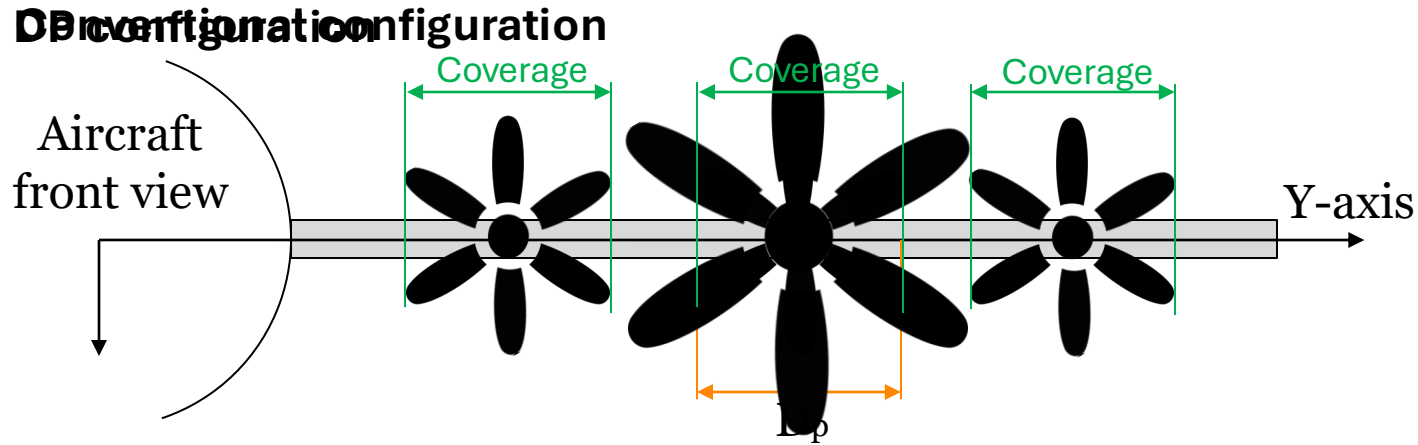
## Decoupled FPT speed selection



## Descent one-engine-off



# Distributed propulsion

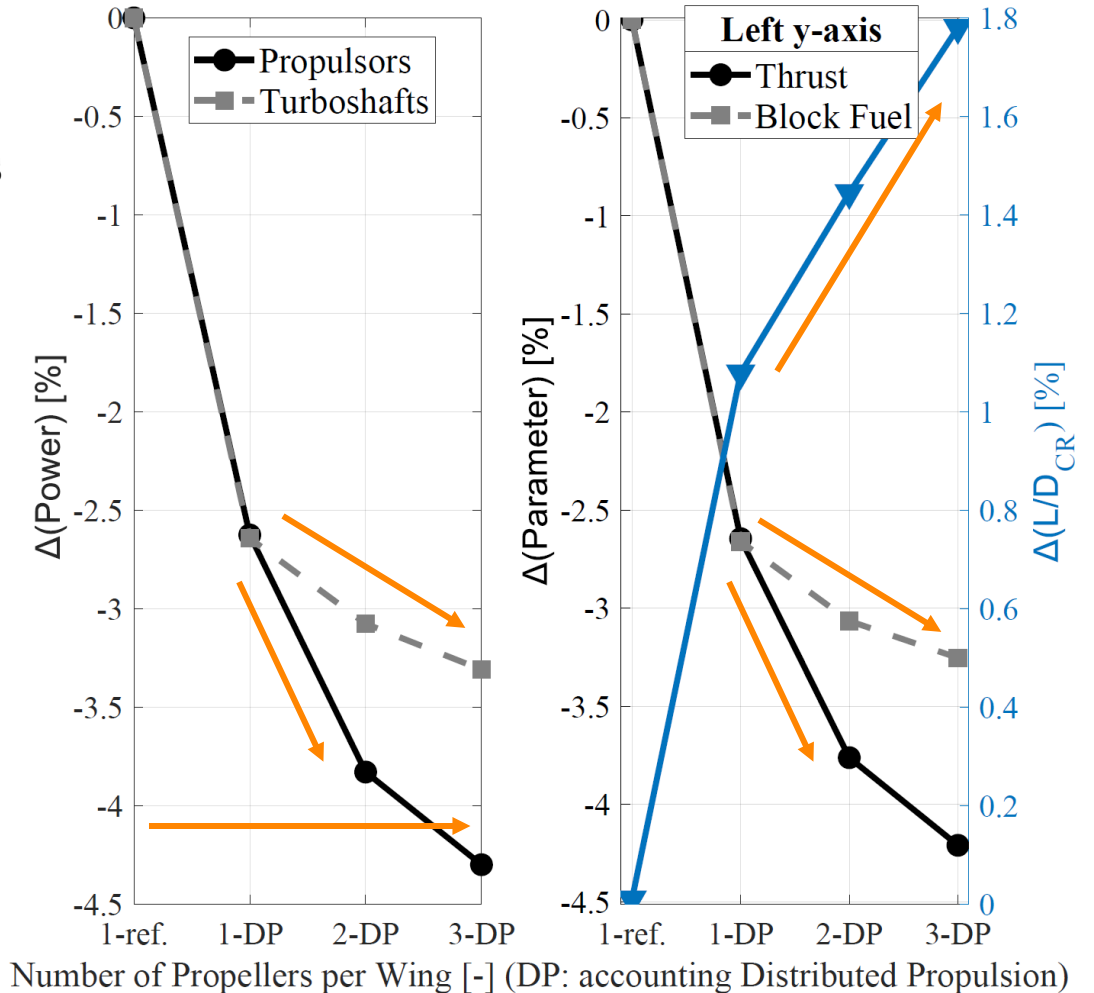


## Lift generation

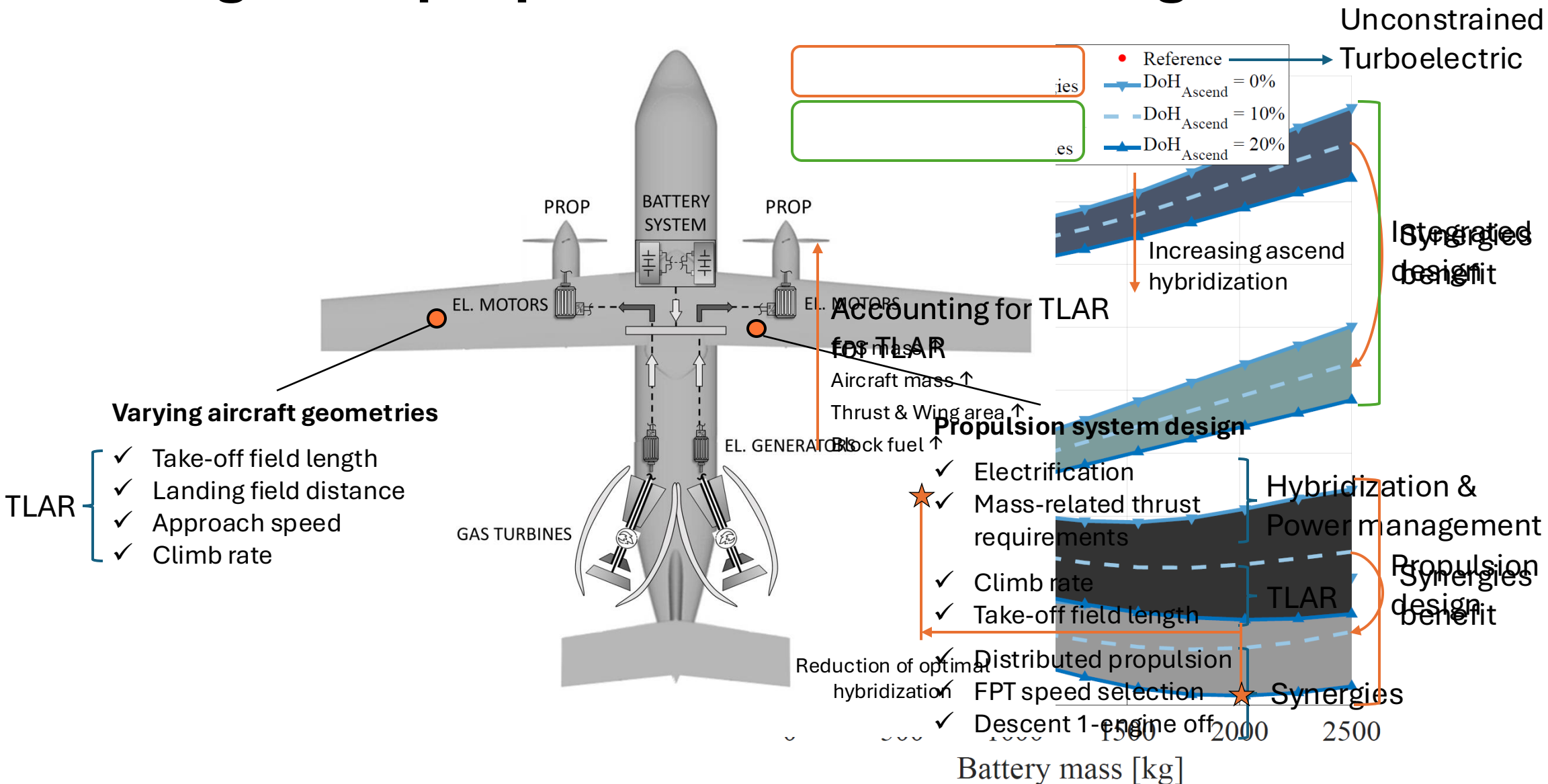
$$Lift = C_L * \frac{1}{2} * \rho * A * V_{fl}^2$$

DP ↓

$$Lift = C_L * \frac{1}{2} * \rho * A_{eff.w} * V_{eff.w}^2$$



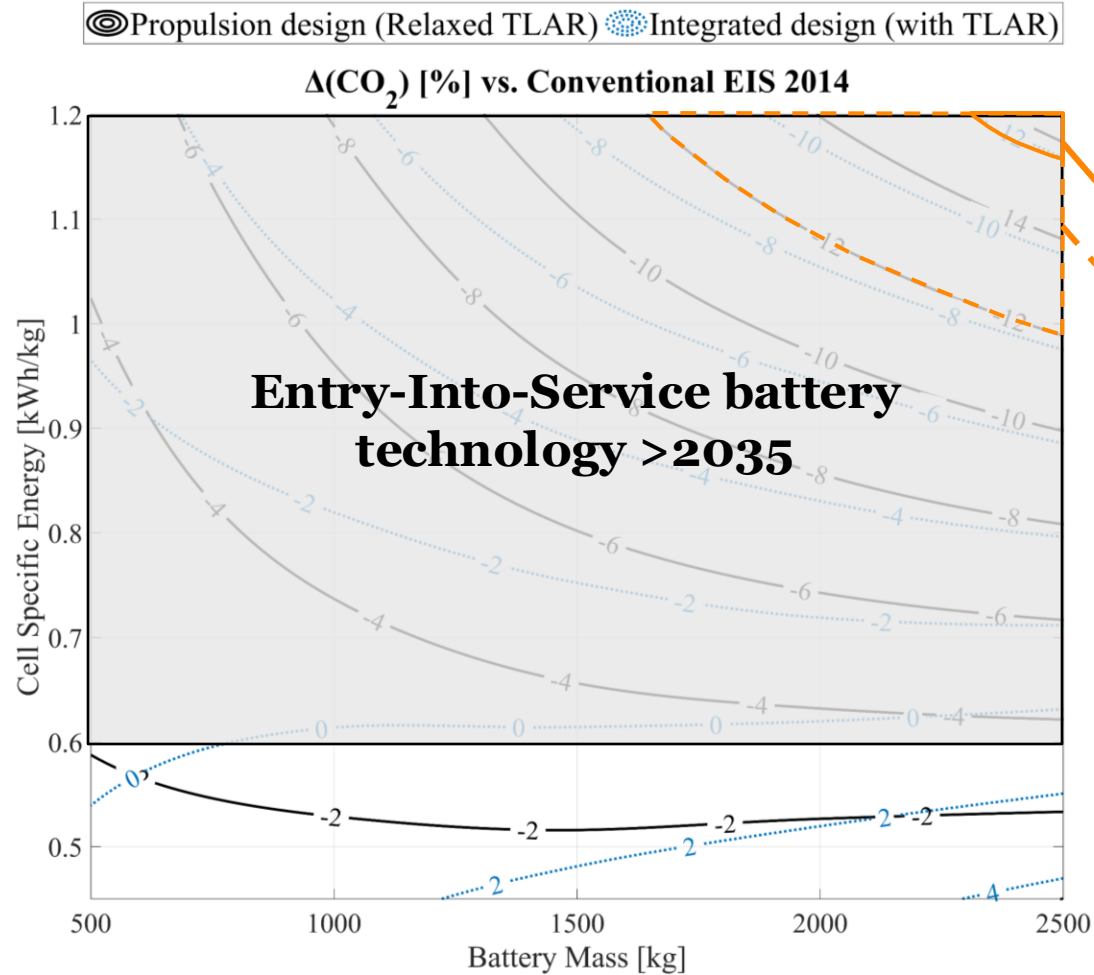
# Integrated propulsion & aircraft design



\*Top-level aircraft requirements

# Environmental performance

## Battery technology targets



**Vs. Conventional  
EIS 2035  
(>12% CO<sub>2</sub> drop)**

- Integrated with TLAR: 0%
- Relaxed TLAR: -3%

# Conclusions

- ✓ Optimal environmental and fuel performance
  - As high ascend hybridization as possible
  - Cruise hybridization up to the takeover of the mass-thrust snowball effect
  
- ✓ Synergies to be considered with series hybrid electric aircraft
  - FPT speed selection through propeller decoupling
  - One-engine off during descent
  - Distributed propulsion
  
- ✓ Cell specific energy above  $\sim 1$  kWh/kg is required to compete with conventional concepts of same Entry-Into-Service
  
- ✓ Necessary compromise in some aircraft operation targets

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SWEDISH AEROSPACE AT THE CROSSROADS

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# Thank you for your attention!

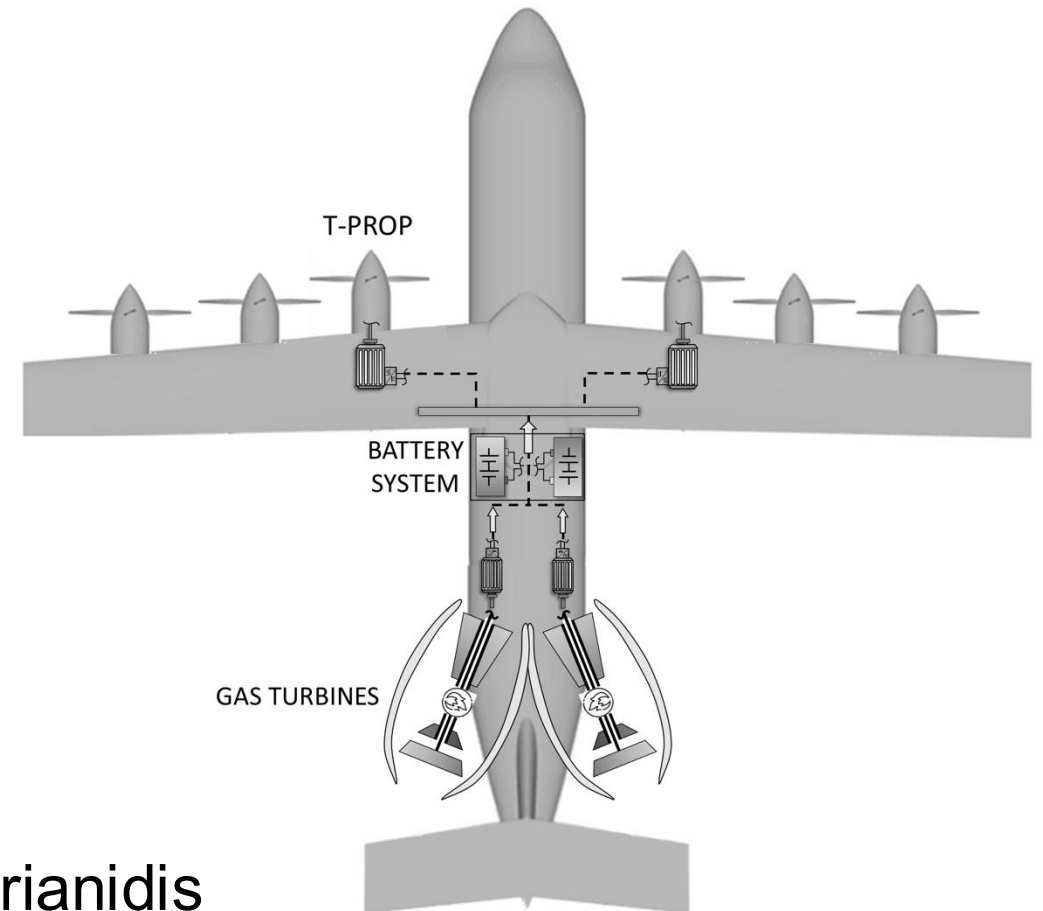
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## Back-up slides

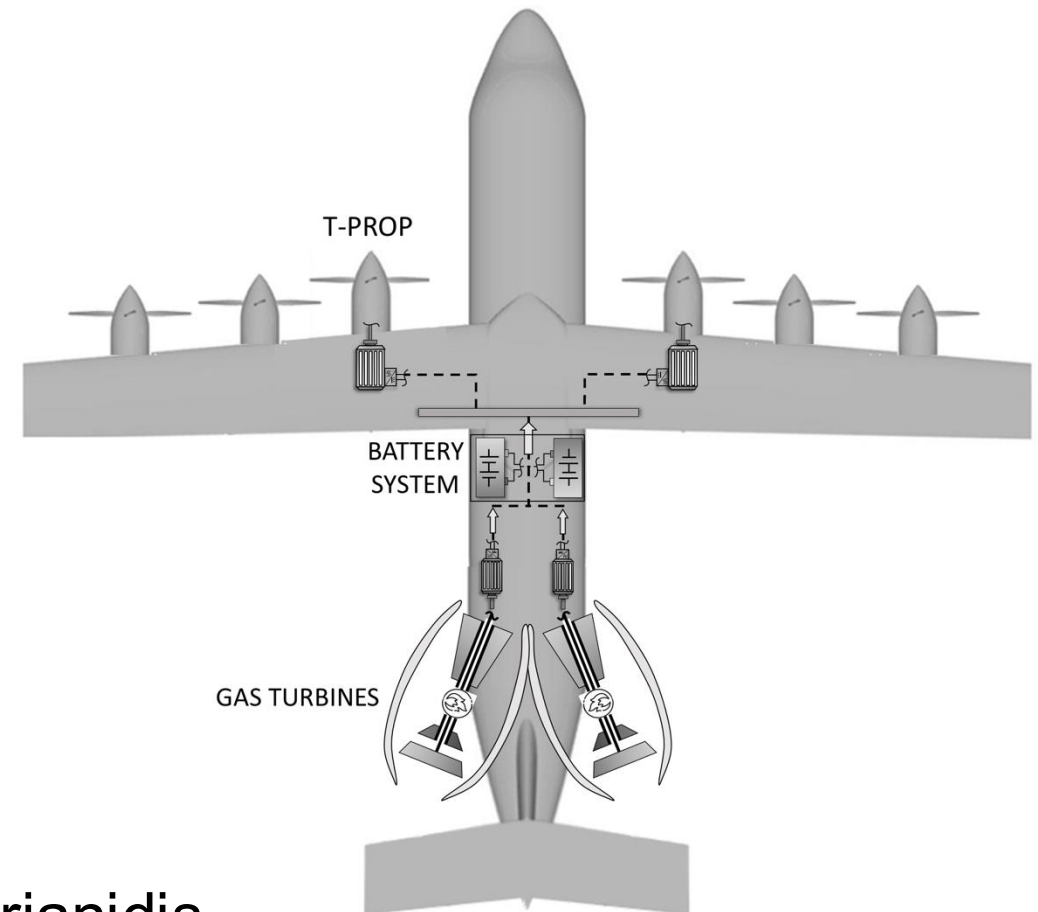
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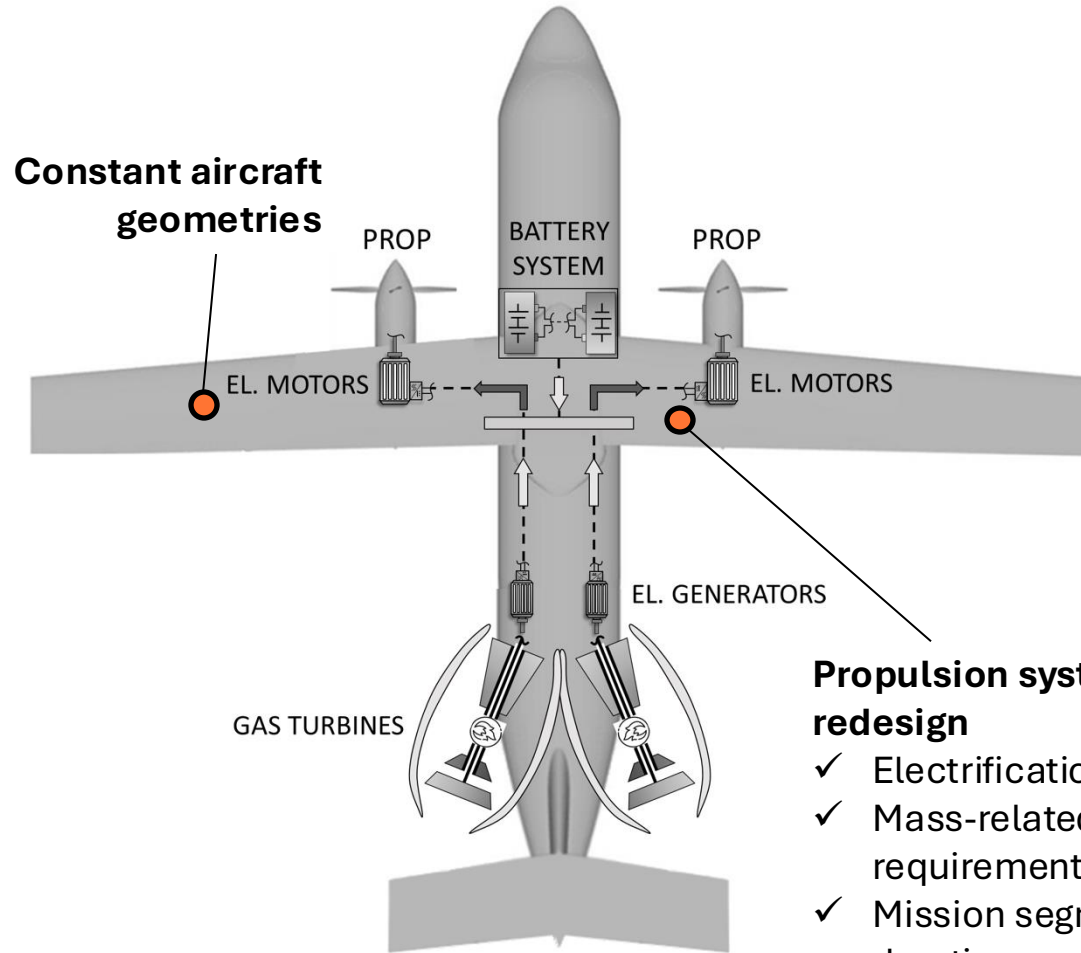
dimitrios.bermpers@mdu.se

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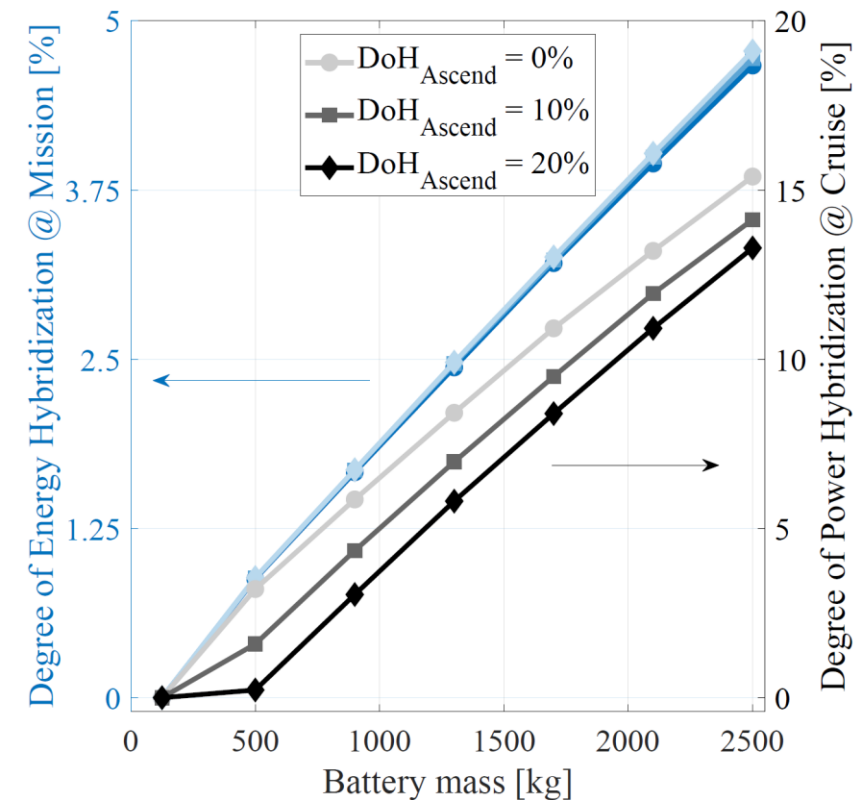
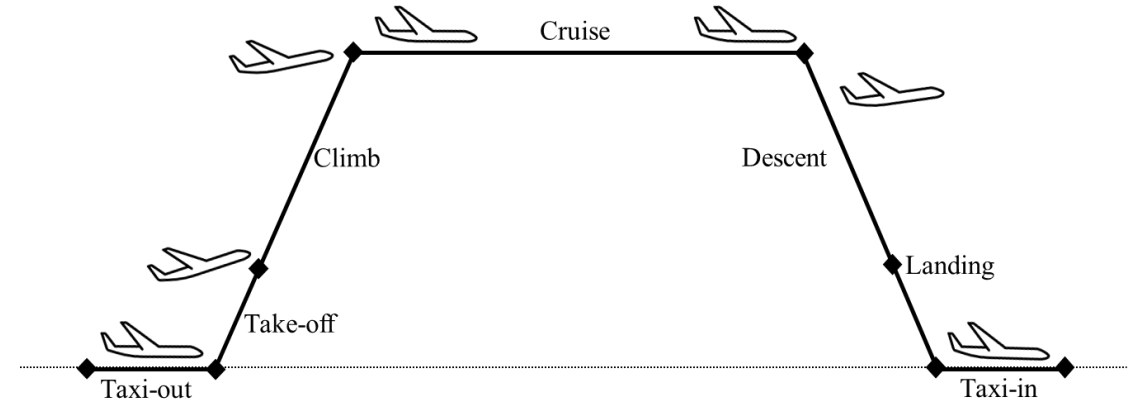
# Propulsion design

## Design space



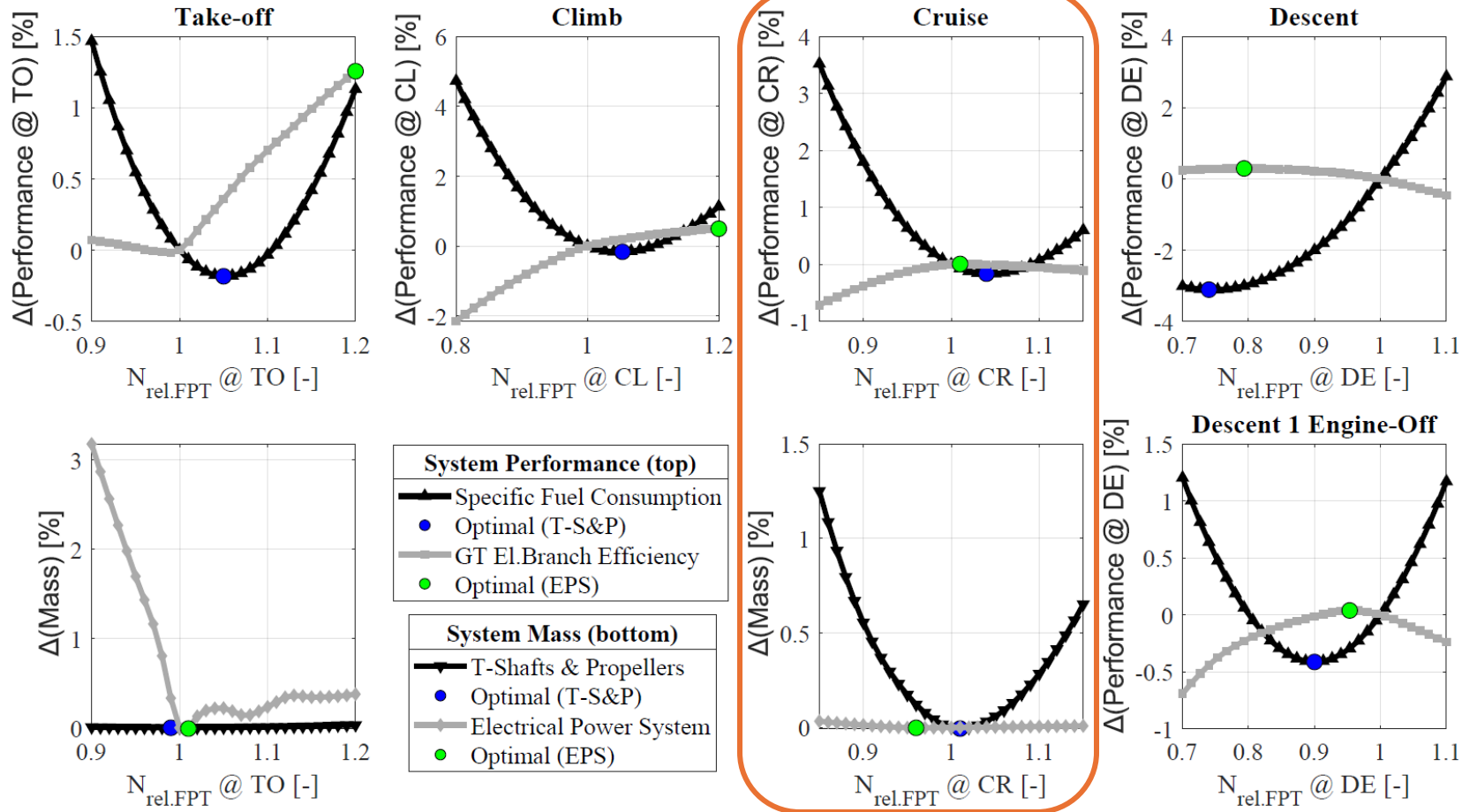
### Propulsion system redesign

- ✓ Electrification
- ✓ Mass-related thrust requirements
- ✓ Mission segment durations



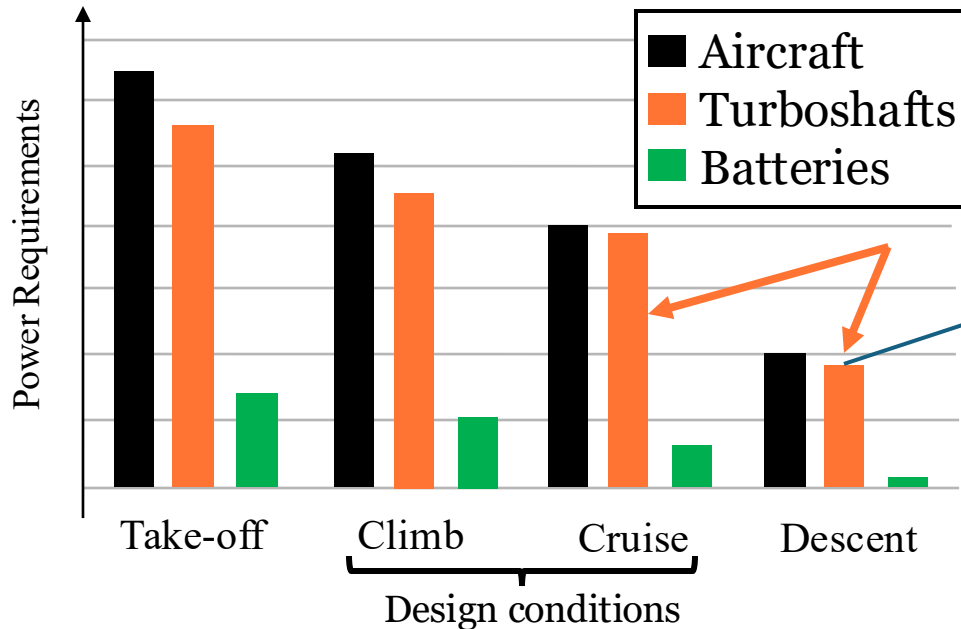
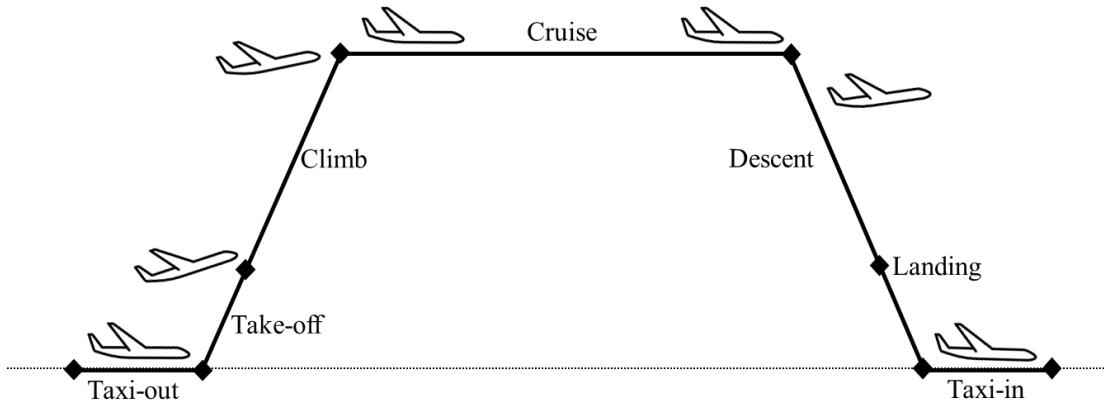
# FPT speed selection

## Gas turbine and propeller decoupling

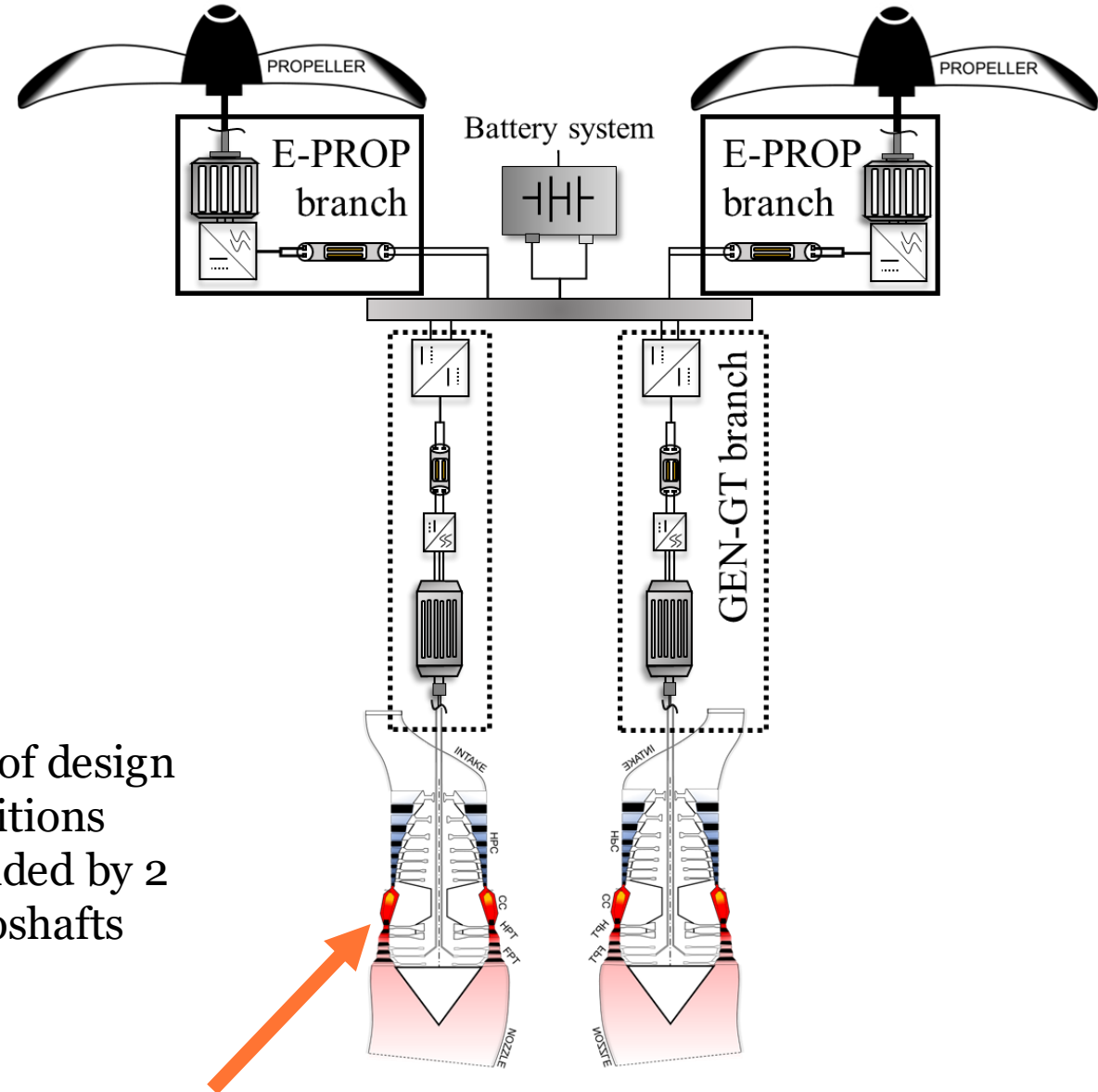


# Descent

## One-engine off

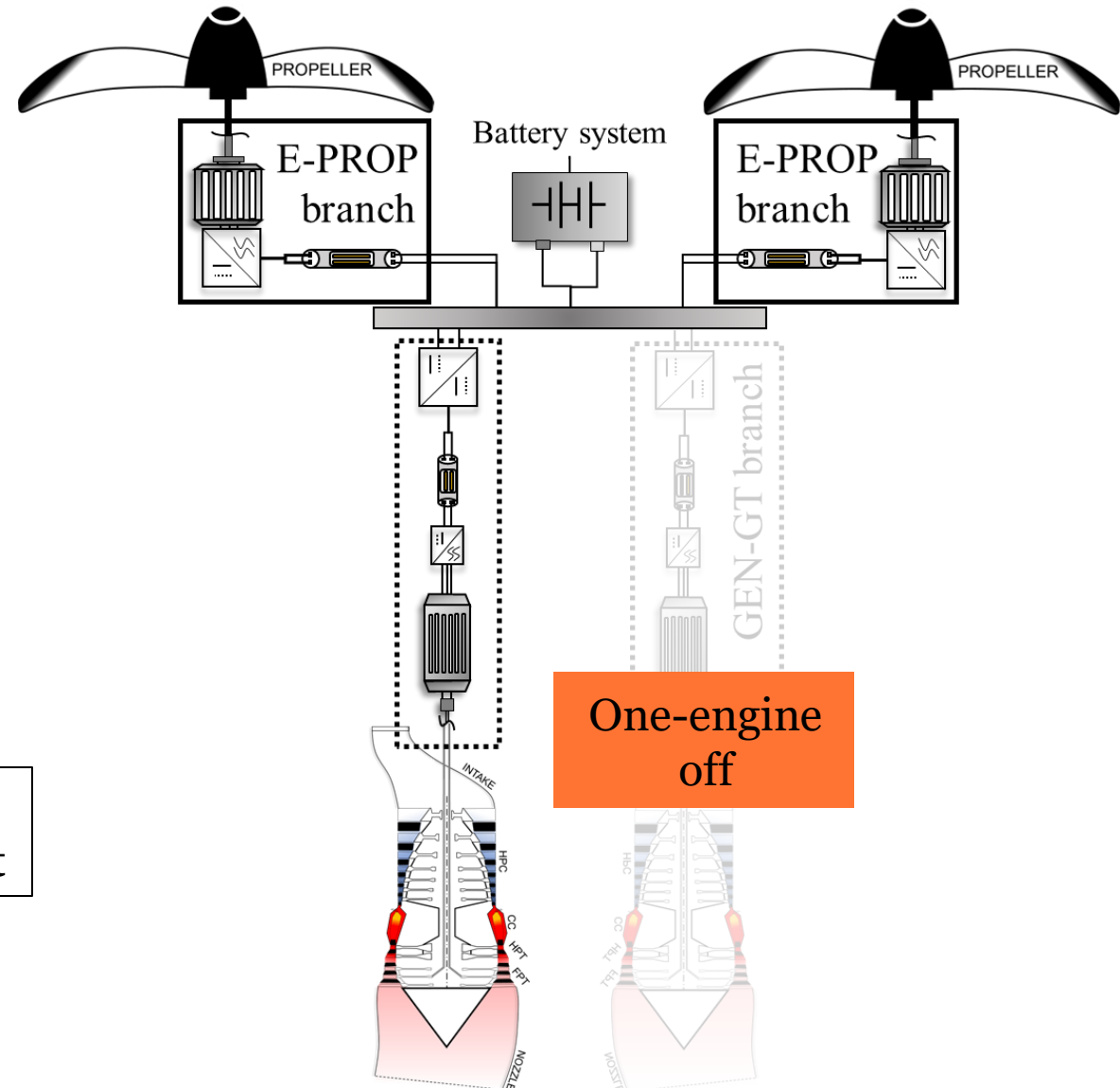
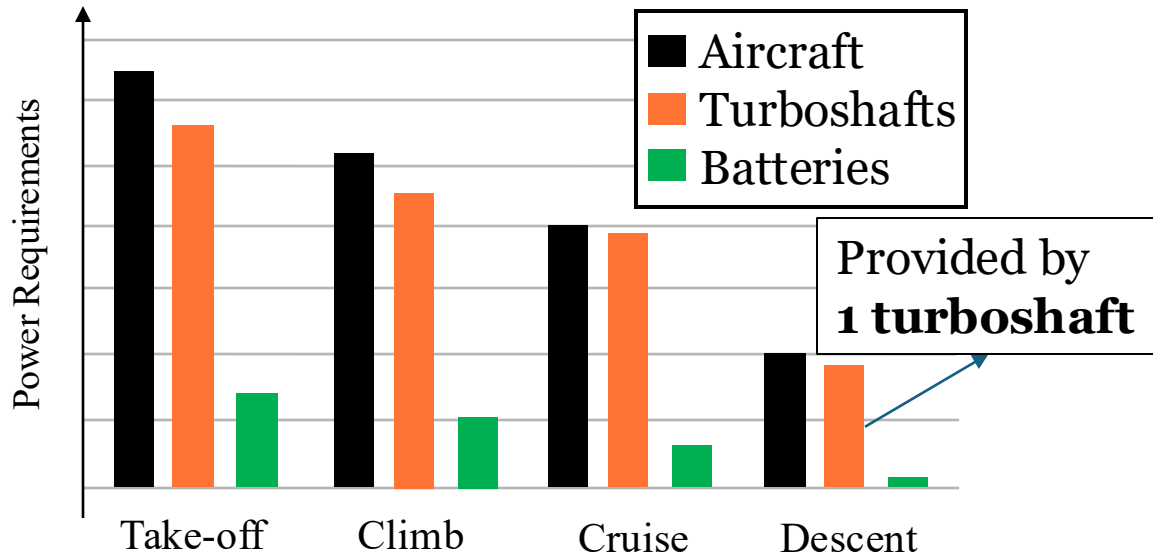
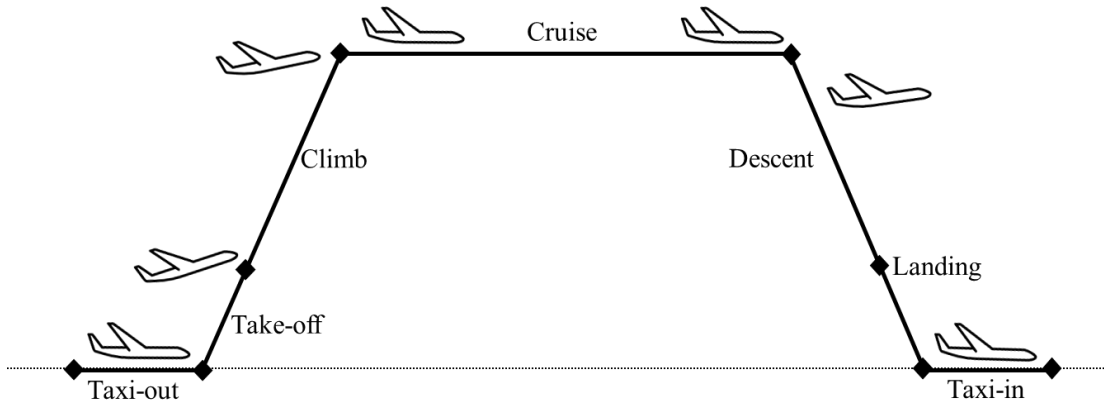


50% of design conditions provided by 2 turboshafts



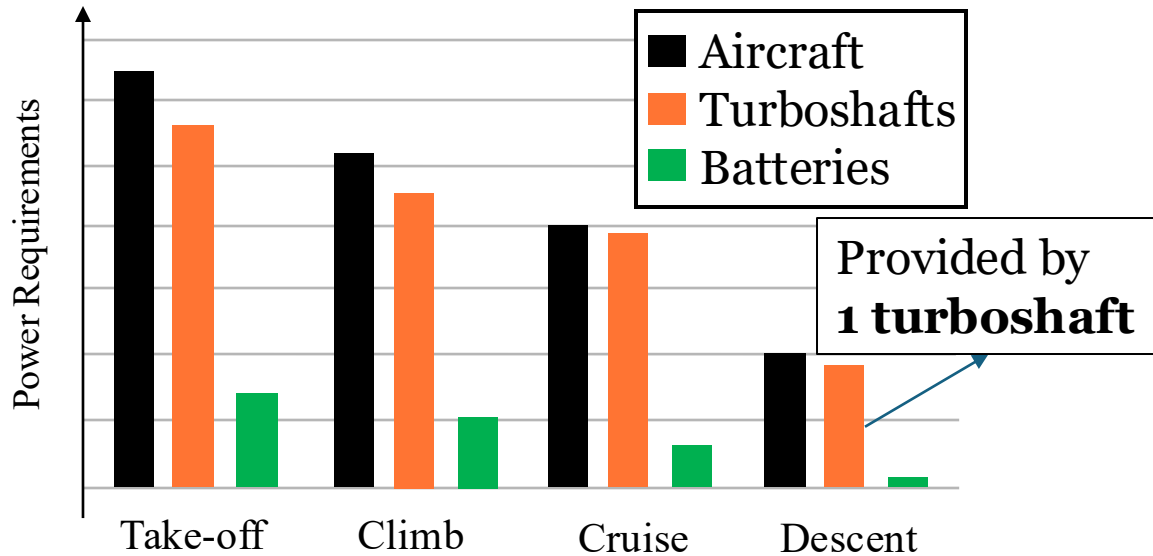
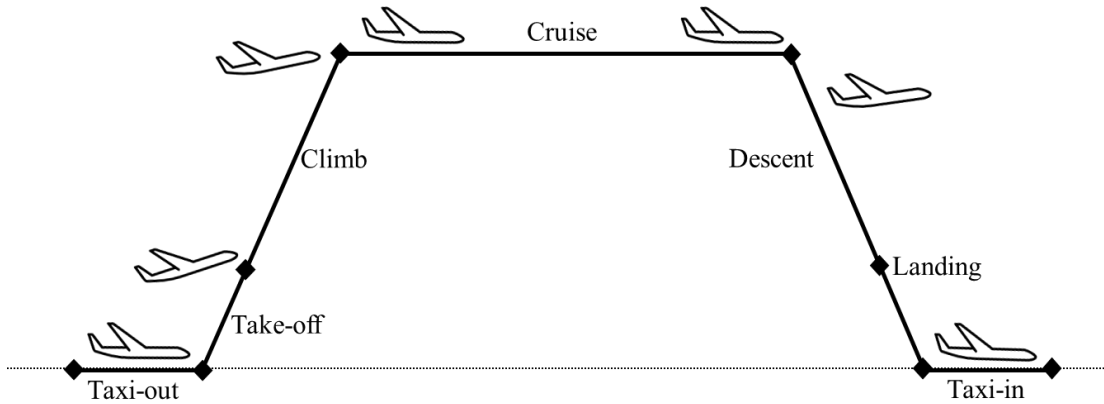
# Descent

## One-engine off

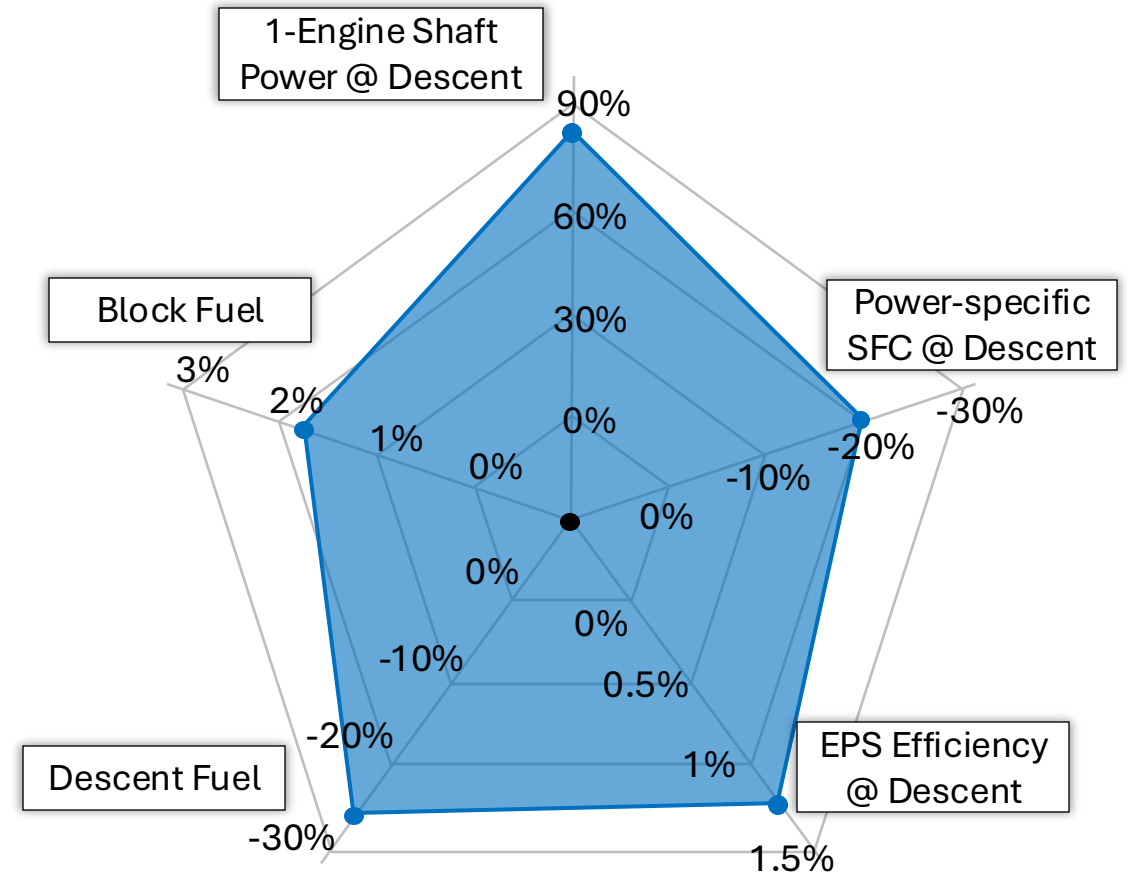


# Descent

## One-engine off

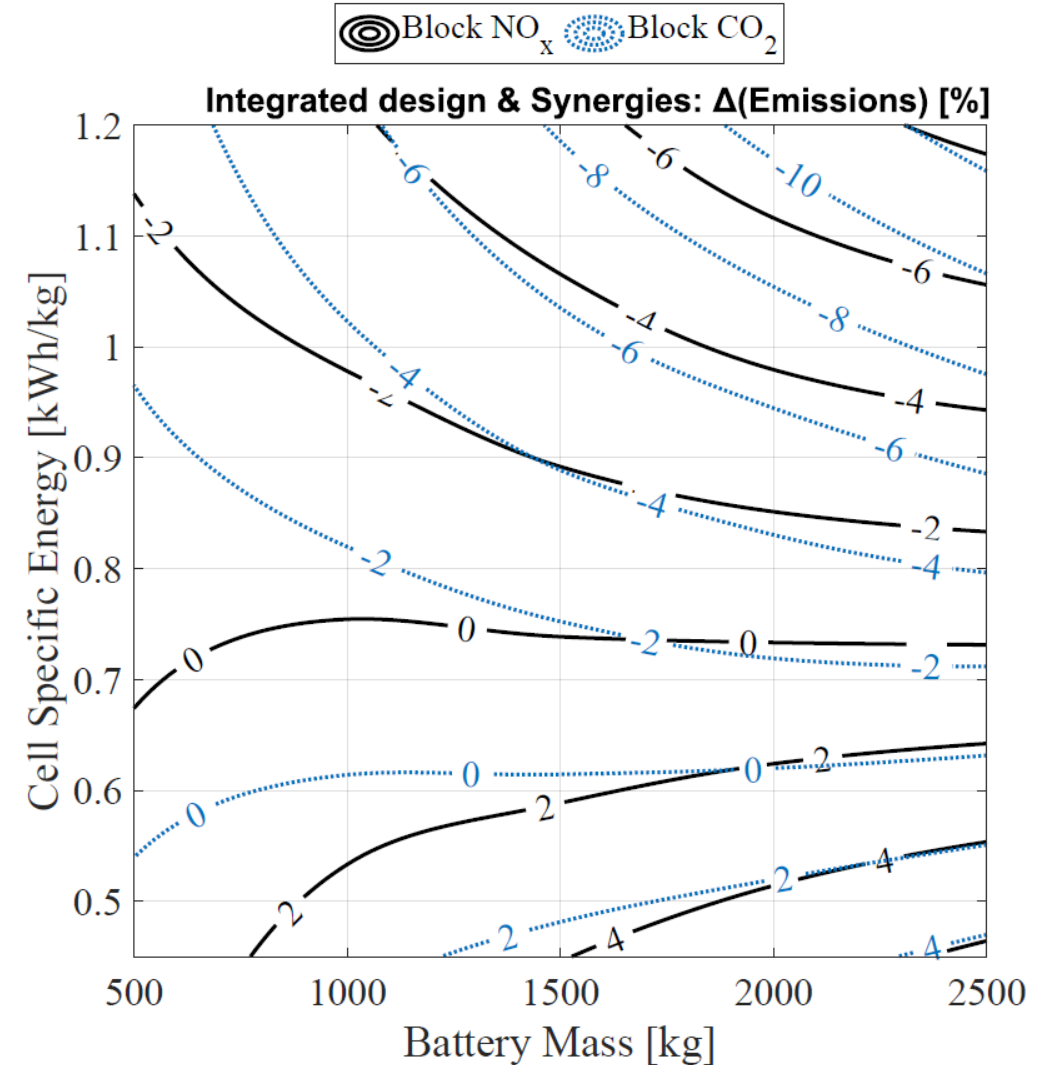
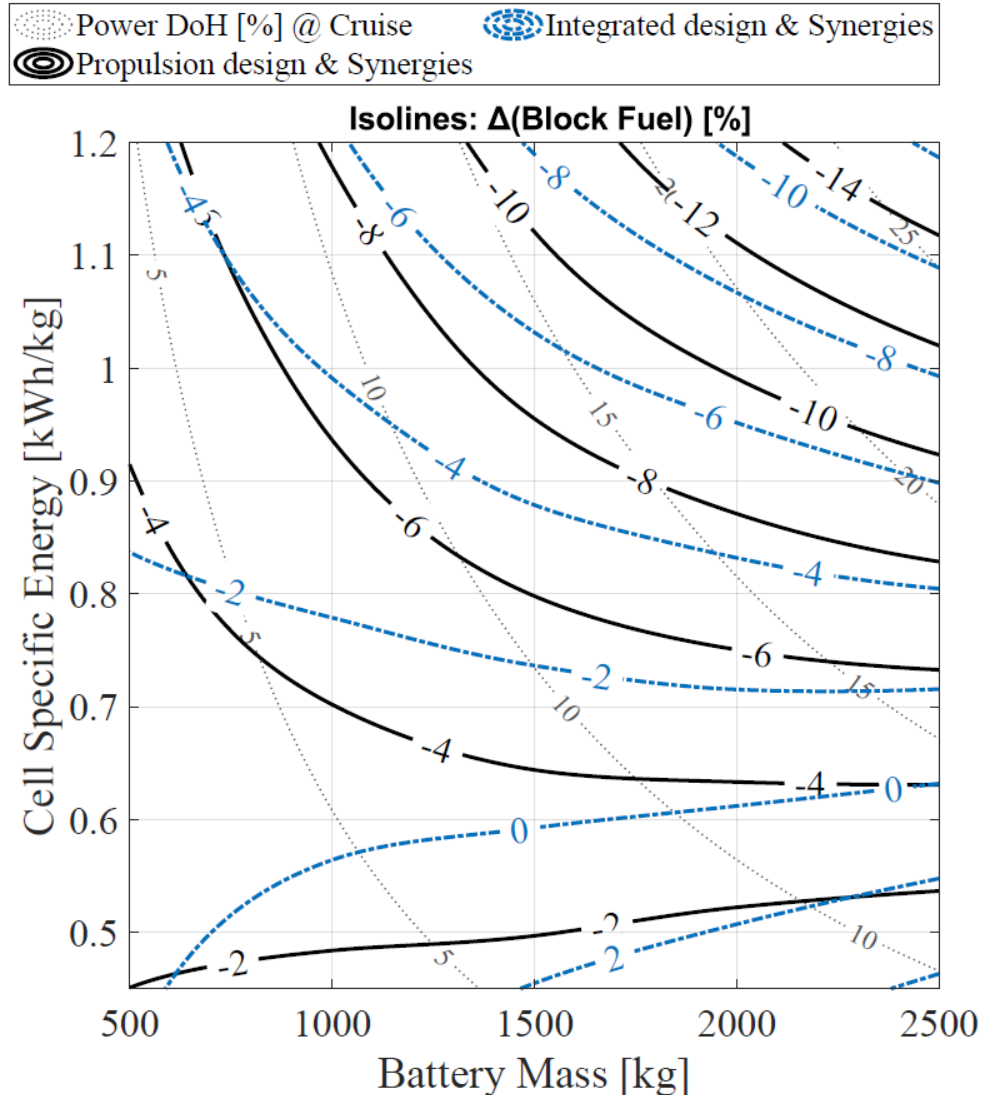


## 1 Engine-off during Descent Operation



# Technology targets

## Comparative block fuel, and emissions



# Flight and operational conditions

## Cruise speed, altitude and business range

Integrated design & Synergies:  $DoH_{Asc} = 10\%$  & Design Range = 1000 [nmi]

