

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide features a cluster of white circles of varying sizes arranged in a pattern that resembles a stylized aircraft or a cluster of data points. The background of this section is a light blue gradient with faint, semi-transparent images of fighter jets in flight.

# Aerodynamics of Conformal Weapons on Fighter Aircraft

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# Background

- Definition
- Internal R&D project at FOI
- CFD study using M-Edge [1]
  - Compressible
  - Steady-state RANS



[A]



[B]



Image credit:

A: Wikimedia commons, User Alan Wilsson, "Eurofighter Typhoon FGR.4 'ZK356' (35359259191)"

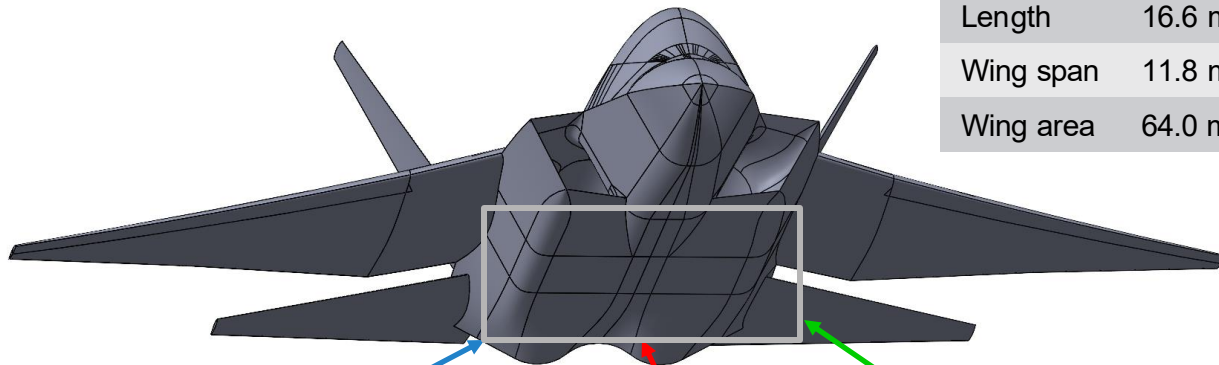
[https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Eurofighter\\_Typhoon\\_FGR.4\\_%27ZK356%27\\_\(35359259191\).jpg](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Eurofighter_Typhoon_FGR.4_%27ZK356%27_(35359259191).jpg)

B: Wikimedia commons, User Hunini, "Korea Aerospace Industries KF-21 Boramae (scale model) right front low-angle view in KAI booth of JA2024 at Tokyo Big Sight October 19, 2024 02"

[https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Korea\\_Aerospace\\_Industries\\_KF-21\\_Boramae\\_\(scale\\_model\)\\_right\\_front\\_low-angle\\_view\\_in\\_KAI\\_booth\\_of\\_JA2024\\_at\\_Tokyo\\_Big\\_Sight\\_October\\_19\\_2024\\_02.jpg](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Korea_Aerospace_Industries_KF-21_Boramae_(scale_model)_right_front_low-angle_view_in_KAI_booth_of_JA2024_at_Tokyo_Big_Sight_October_19_2024_02.jpg)

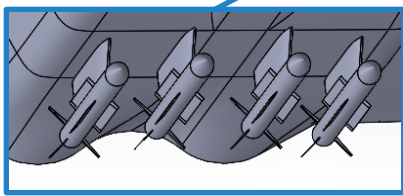
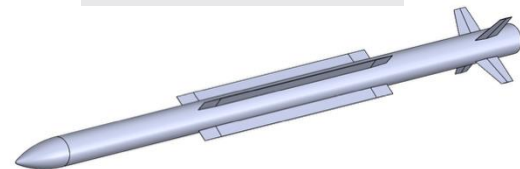
# Geometries

Plain geometry

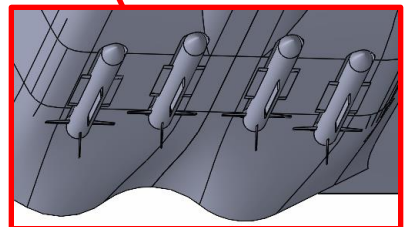


Concept Combat Research Vehicle, CoCoRV v1.1 (NATO AVT-389)	
Length	16.6 m
Wing span	11.8 m
Wing area	64.0 m <sup>2</sup>

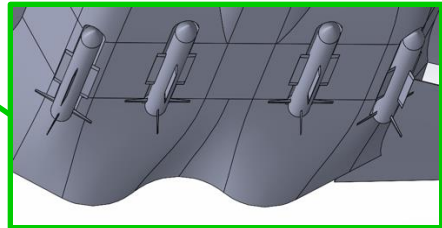
OTC-1 [2] (NATO AVT-316)	
Length	3.45 m
Diameter	0.15 m



Belly pylon



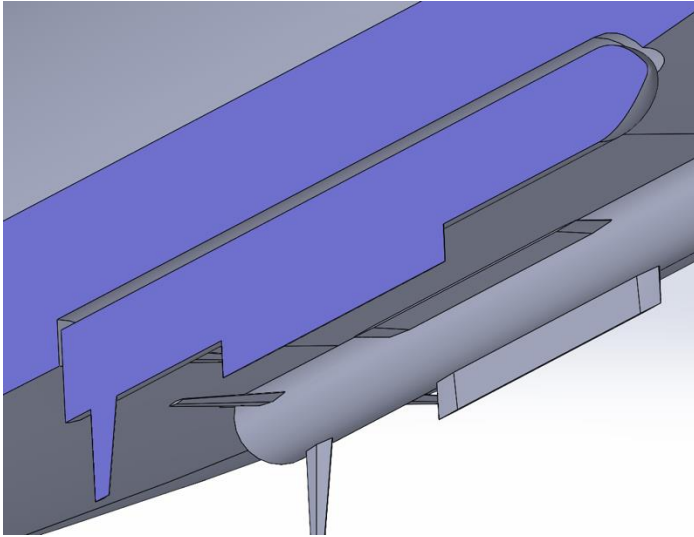
Belly conformal



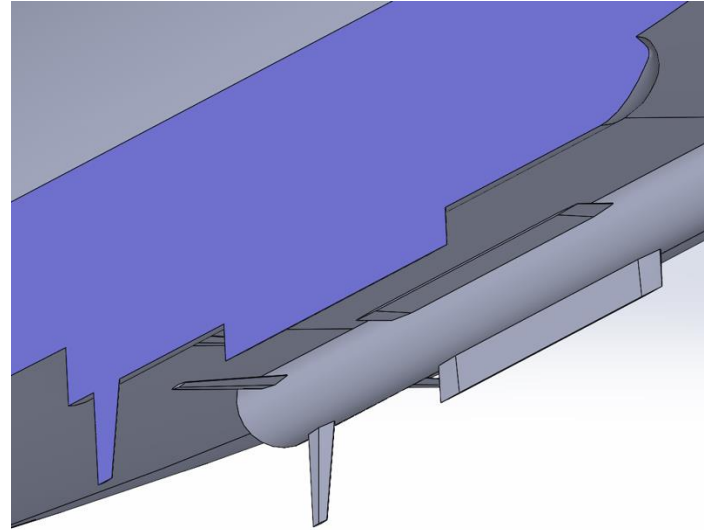
Corner conformal



# Conformal gap



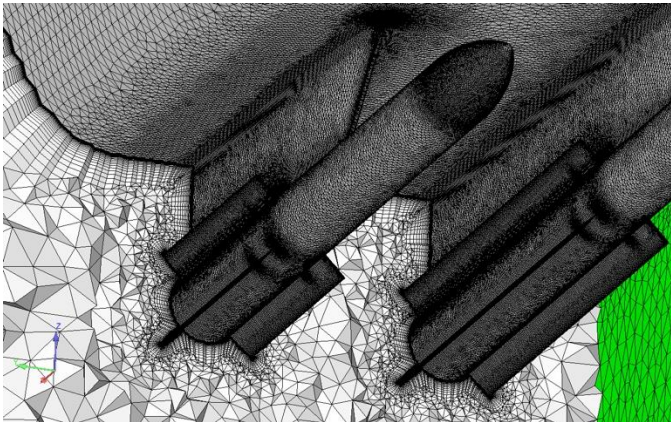
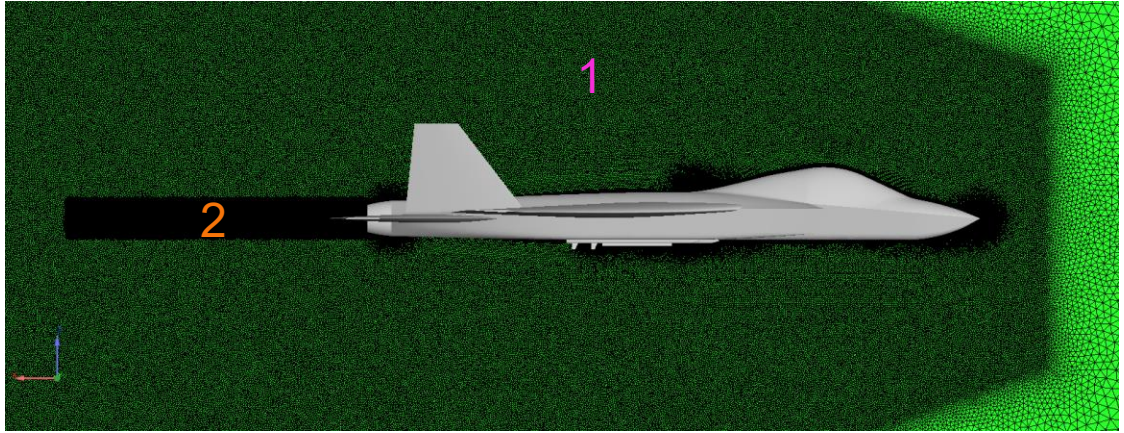
20 mm gap



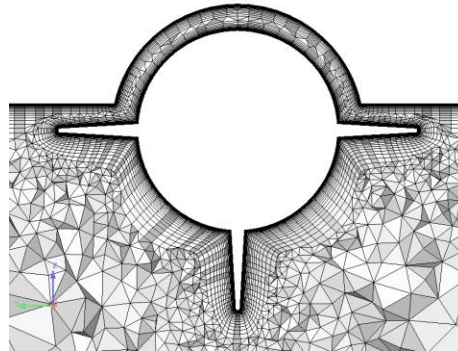
No gap

# Mesh

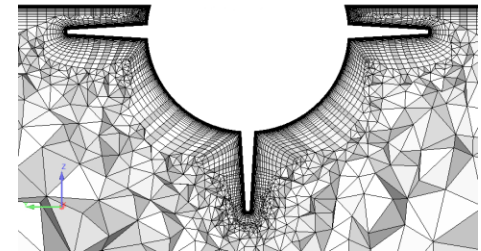
Nodes	72 – 95 M
Surface mesh size	1.0 – 60.0 mm
Wall treatment	Resolved, $y^+ \sim 1$
BL initial height	1.0 $\mu\text{m}$
Refinement zone 1	60.0 mm
Refinement zone 2	10.0 mm



Belly pylon



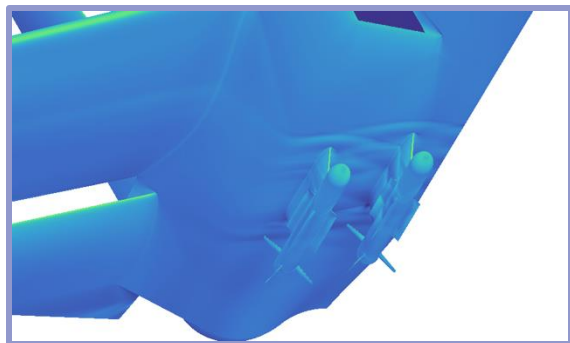
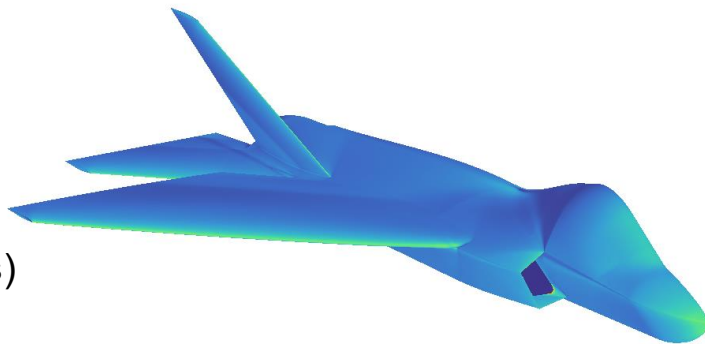
Belly conformal  
20 mm gap



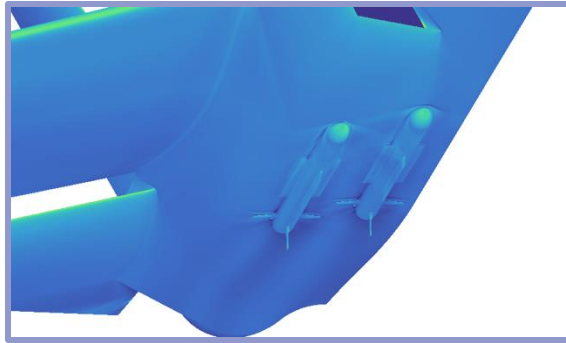
Belly conformal  
No gap

$y^+$

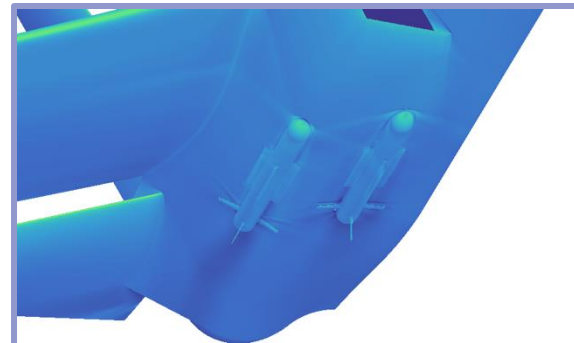
**Mach 2.0, 0 km**  
(Highest shear stress)



**Belly pylon**  
Mean  $y^+$ : 0.58  
Max  $y^+$ : 3.15



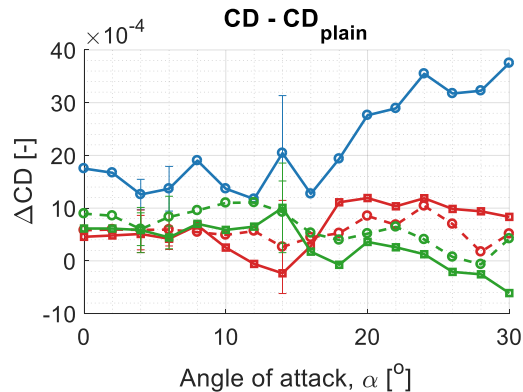
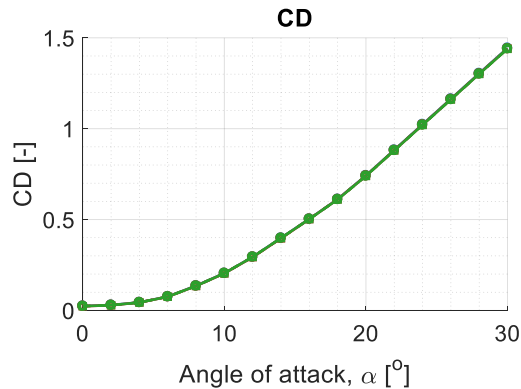
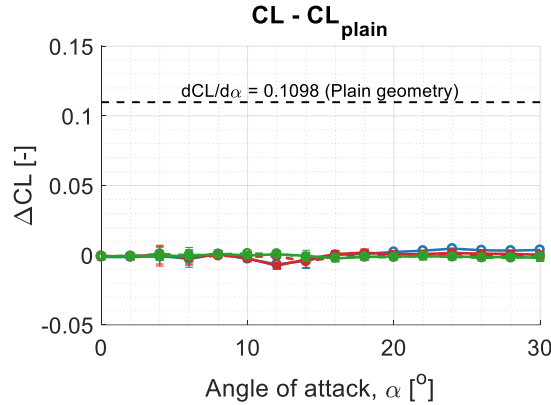
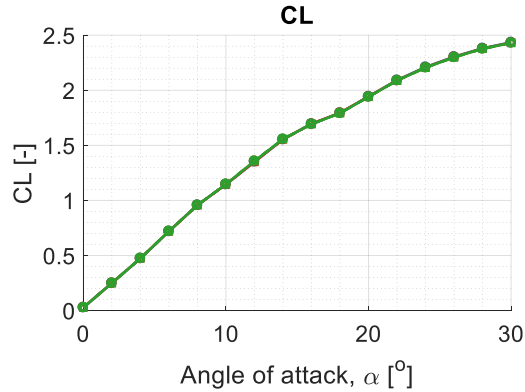
**Belly conformal**  
Mean  $y^+$ : 0.57  
Max  $y^+$ : 3.87



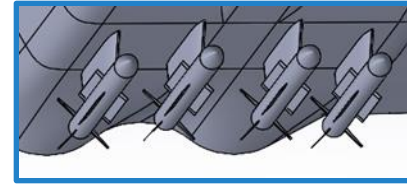
**Corner conformal**  
Mean  $y^+$ : 0.57  
Max  $y^+$ : 3.64

# Comparison – AoA

## Mach 0.8, 10 km



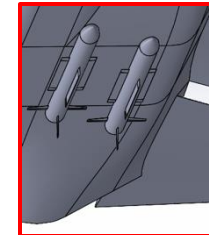
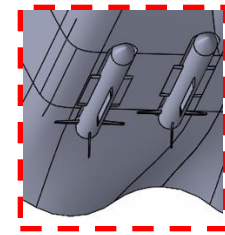
Belly pylon



Belly conformal

20 mm gap

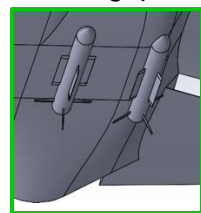
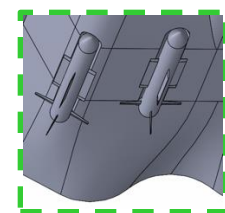
No gap



Corner conformal

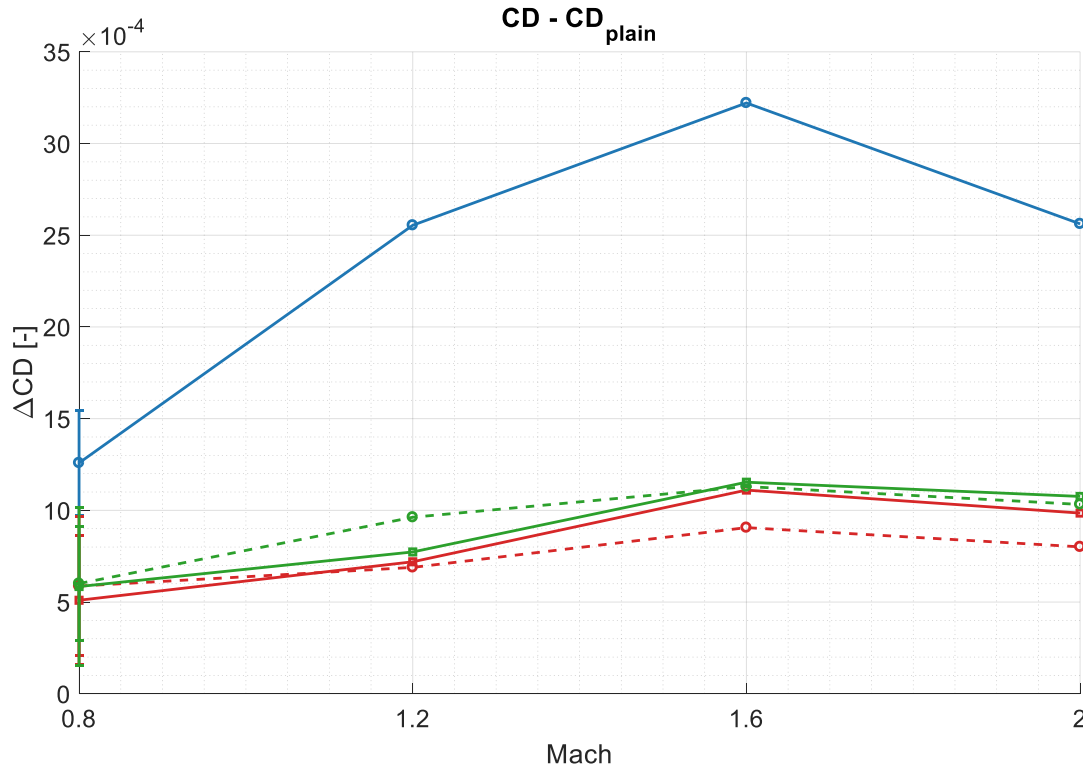
20 mm gap

No gap

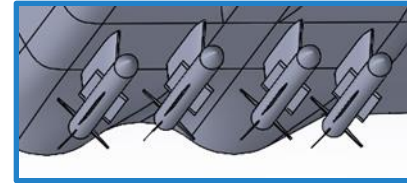


# Comparison – Mach

$\alpha=4^\circ$  10 km



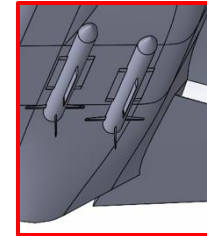
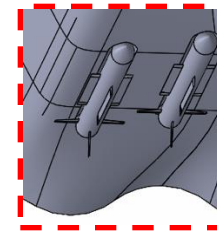
Belly pylon



Belly conformal

20 mm gap

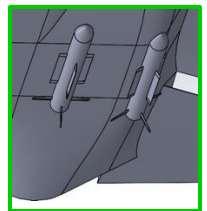
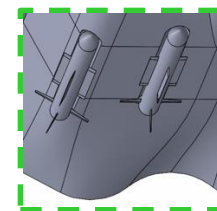
No gap



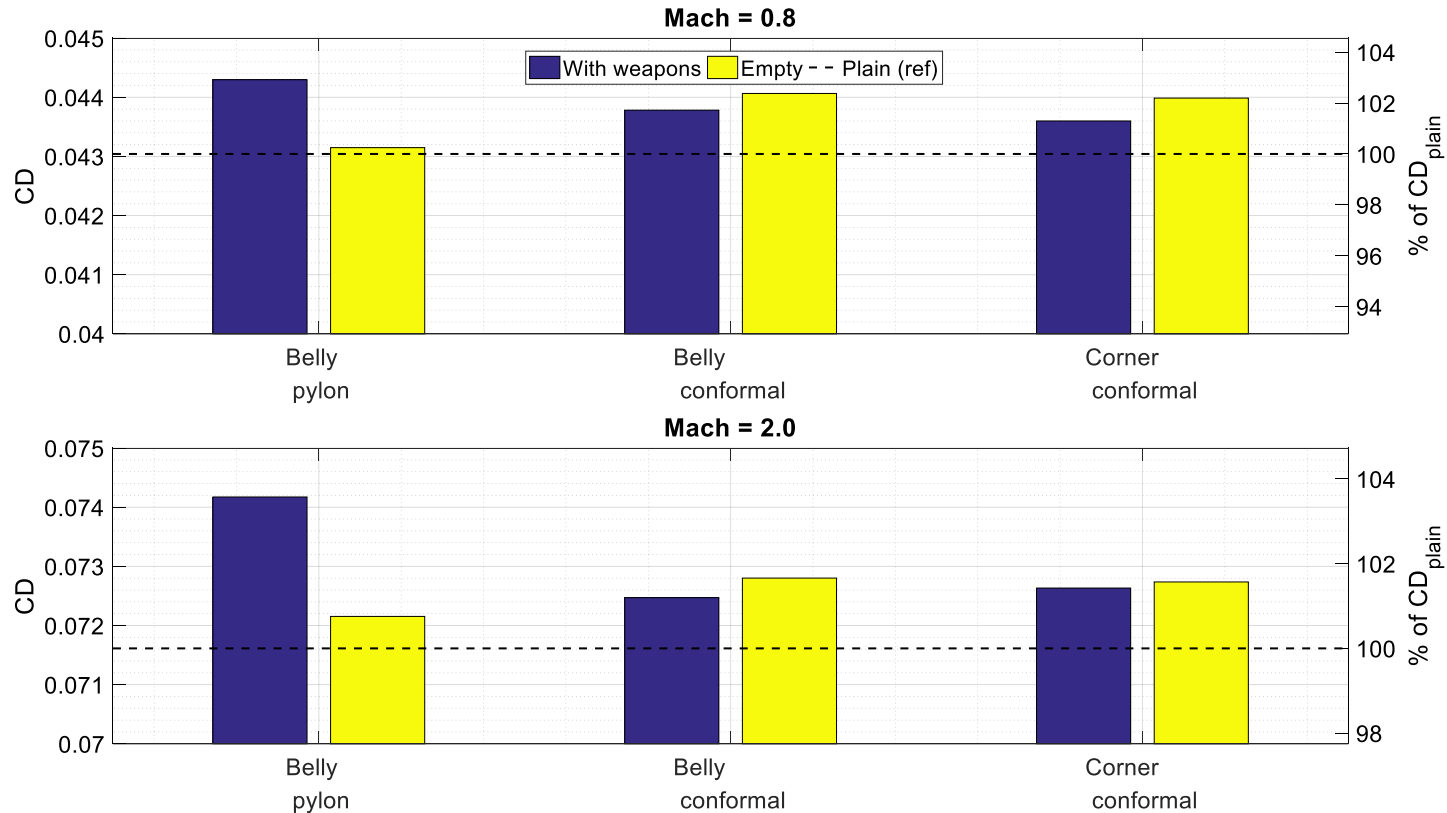
Corner conformal

20 mm gap

No gap



# Comparison – Without missiles, 10 km, $\alpha=4^\circ$

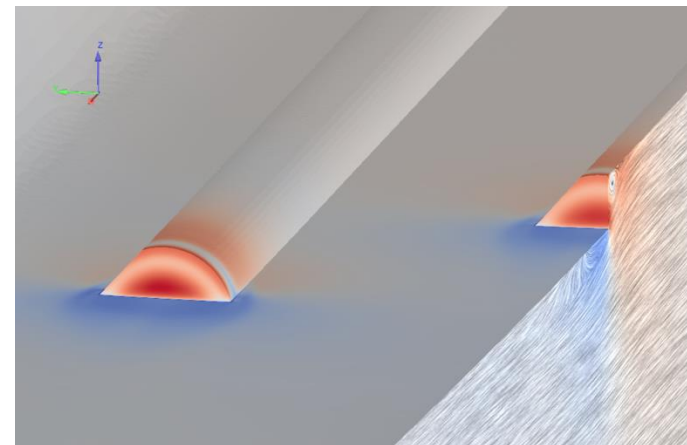
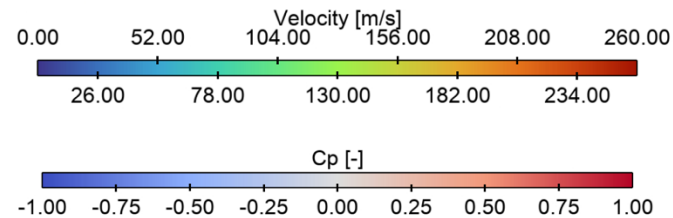
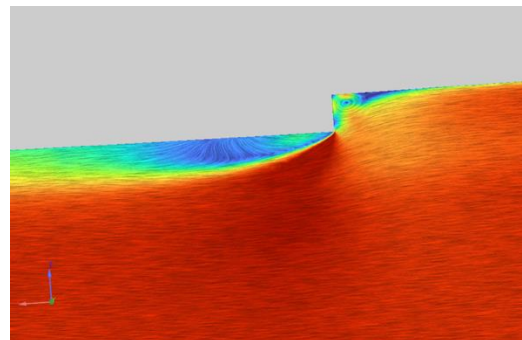
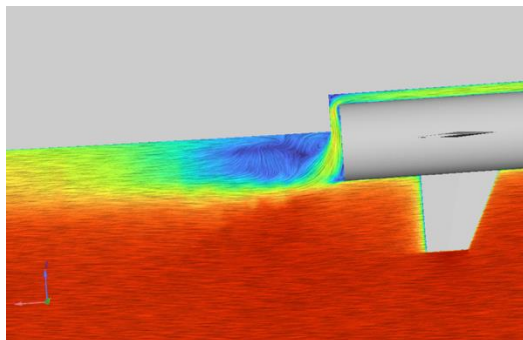
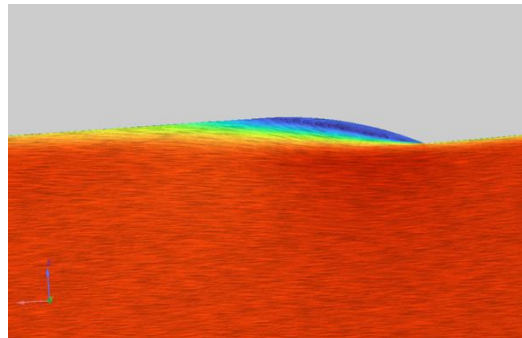
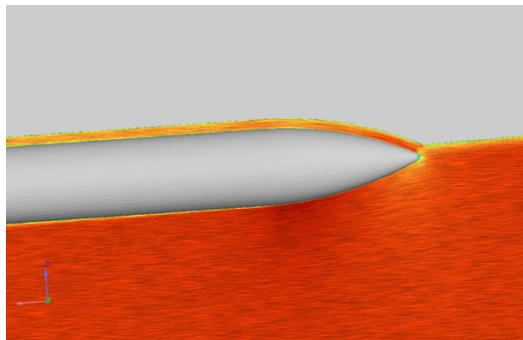


# Comparison – Without missiles.

Mach 0.8, 10 km,  $\alpha=4^\circ$

With weapon

Empty



# Summary

- Insignificant effect on lift between geometry configurations
- 1.2–2.8 % of "Plain"  $C_D$  reduction using conformal weapons compared to pylon mounts
- Pylon missiles highest drag, but conformal cavity drag higher than empty pylon drag
- Internal weapons not considered

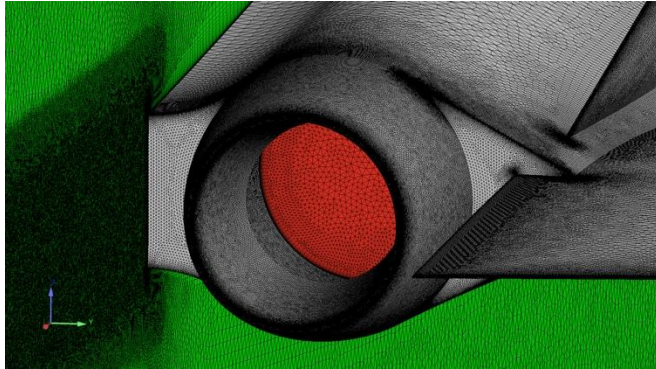
# References

1. Eliasson, P., *EDGE, a Navier-Stokes solver for unstructured grids*. FOI-R-0298-SE. Swedish Defence Research Agency, FOI, 2002.
2. Tormalm, M. H., *The Influence of Scale Resolving Simulations in Predictions of Vortex Interaction about a Generic Missile Airframe*. AIAA 2022-1685, 2021.
3. Wallin, S. & Johansson, A. V., *An explicit algebraic Reynolds stress model for incompressible and compressible turbulent flows*. International Journal of Heat and Fluid Flows, **23**(5), 721-730.
4. MIL-E-5007D, *MILITARY SPECIFICATION: ENGINE, AIRCRAFT, TURBOJET AND TURBOFAN, GENERAL SPECIFICATION FOR (15 OCT 1973)*

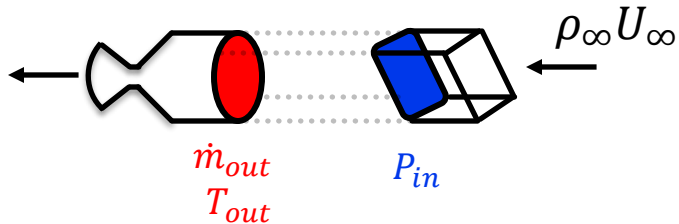
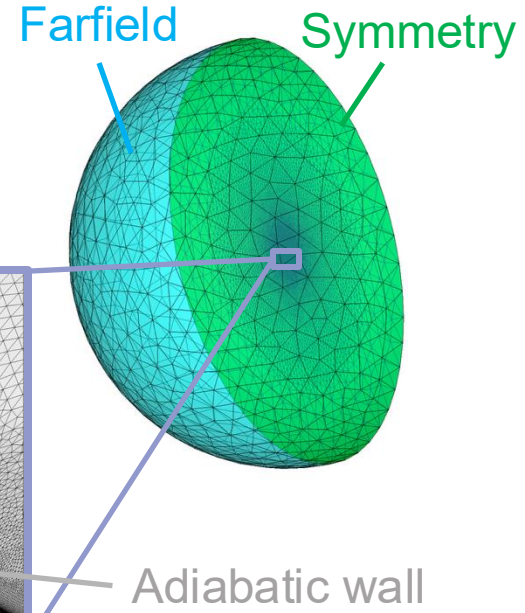
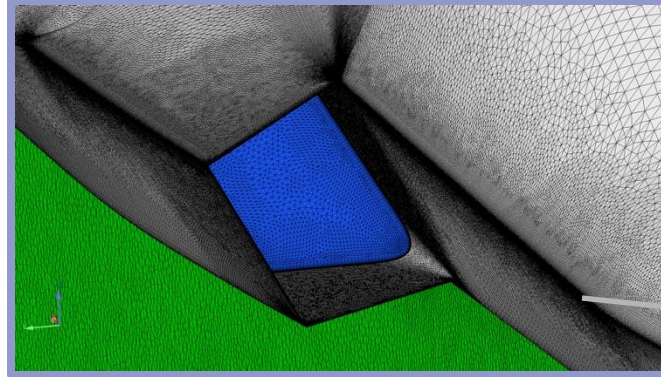
# Additional material

# Boundary conditions

Mass flow rate



Static pressure



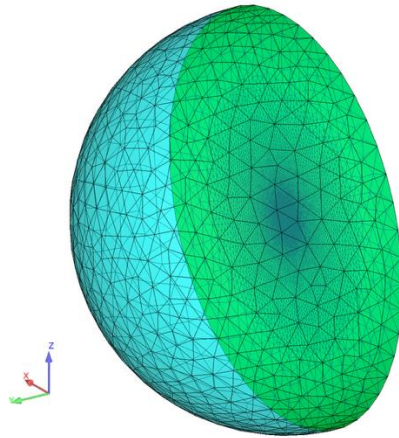
Across all cases:

$$0.97 < \frac{\dot{m}_{in,CFD}}{\rho_{\infty} A_{in} U_{\infty}} < 1.05$$

# Mesh & BCs

Farfield, Symmetry,

Static pressure

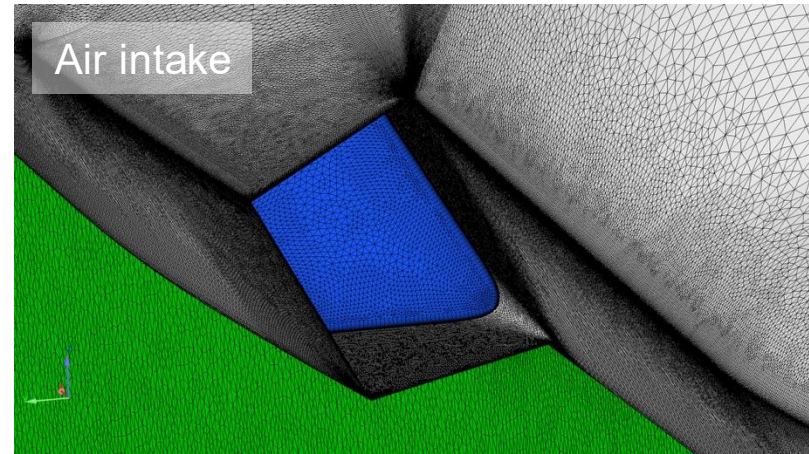


$$\begin{cases} P_{in} = P_{\infty}, & M_{\infty} \leq 1 \\ P_{in} = P_{\infty}(1 - 0.075(M_{\infty} - 1)^{1.35}), & M_{\infty} > 1. \end{cases} \quad [4]$$

Flow ratio  $0.97 < \frac{\dot{m}_{in,CFD}}{\rho_{\infty} A_{in} U_{\infty}} < 1.05$   
for all cases.

Mass flow

$$\dot{m}_{out} = \rho_{\infty} A_{in} U_{\infty}, \quad T_{out} = 1000 \text{ K}$$

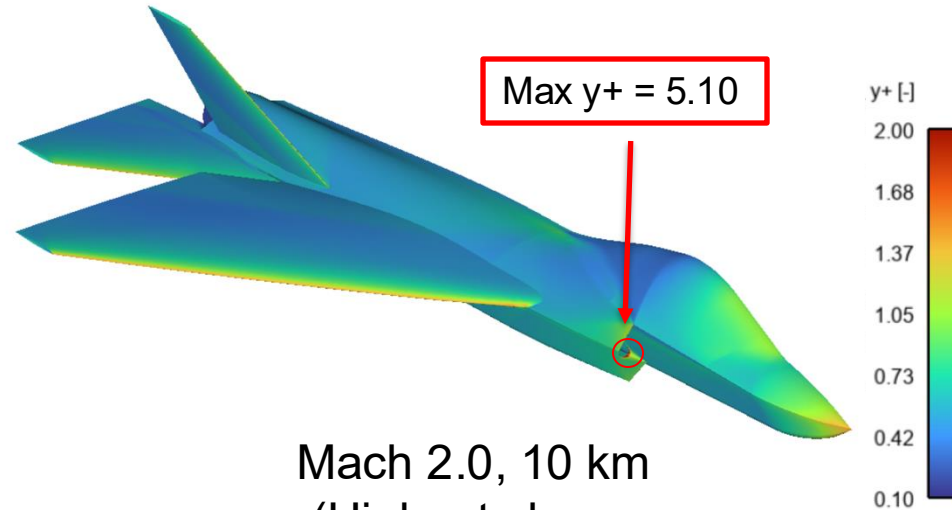


# Mesh independence & $y^+$

Plain w/o weapons

Mesh	Coarse	Medium	Fine*
# of Nodes	16 M	72 M	179 M
$C_L$	0.0121	0.0122	N/A
$C_D$	0.0231	0.0230	N/A
$C_{MY}$	-0.0164	-0.0162	N/A

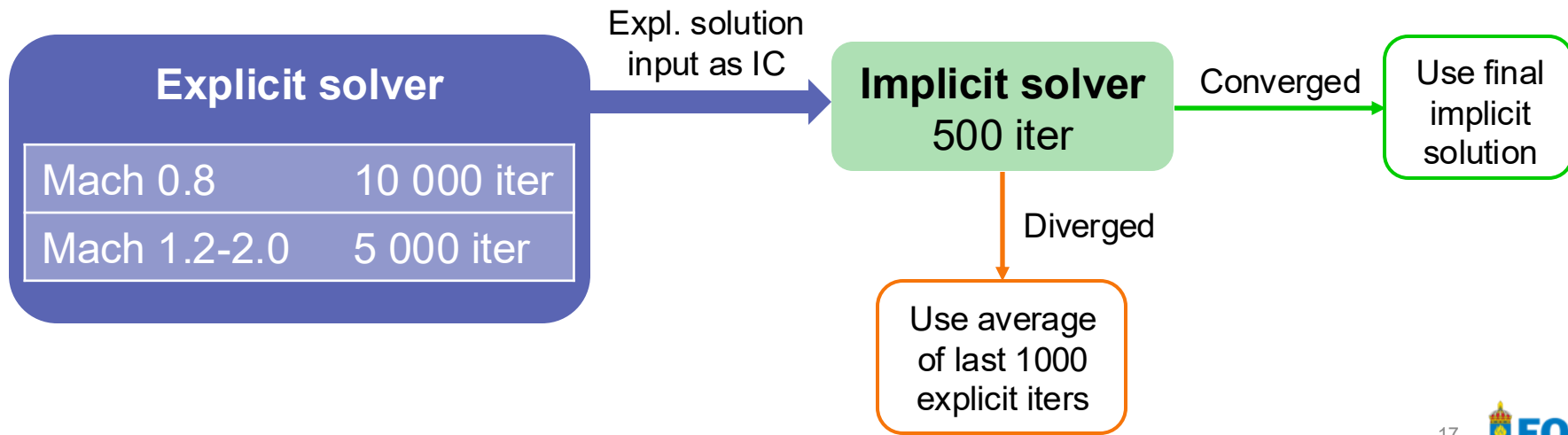
\*: Failed mesh processing due to size



Mach 2.0, 10 km  
(Highest shear  
stress case)

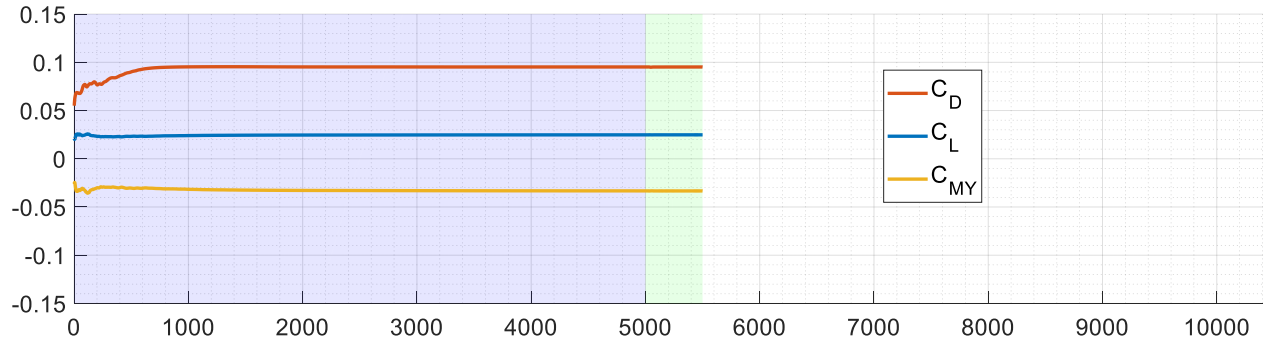
# Solver

- Turbulence model: **W&J EARSM + Hellsten k-omega** [3]
- Multigrid & Implicit residual smoothing utilized



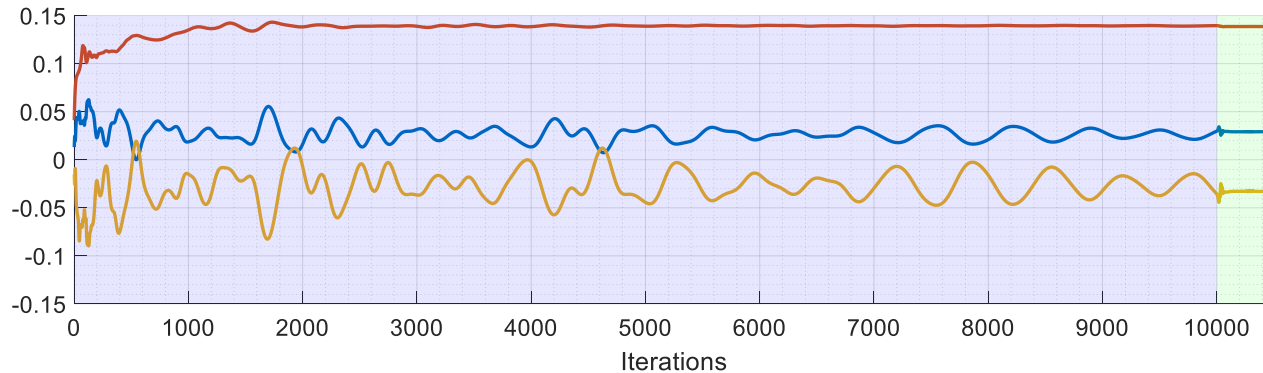
# Example: Plain geometry, 10km, $\alpha=0^\circ$

Mach 2.0



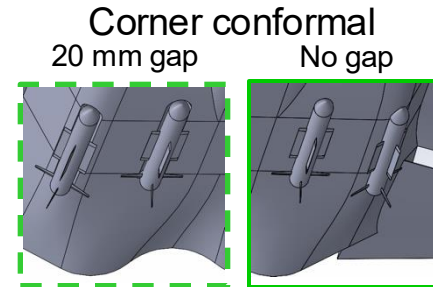
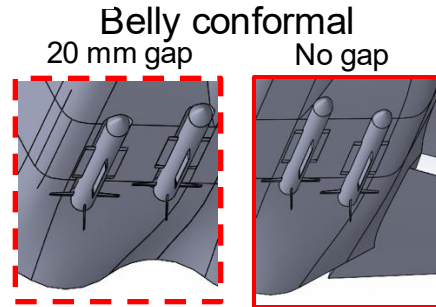
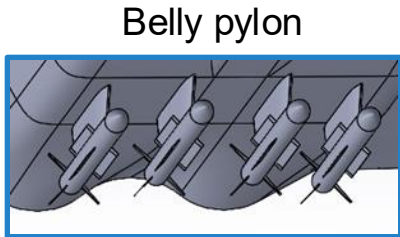
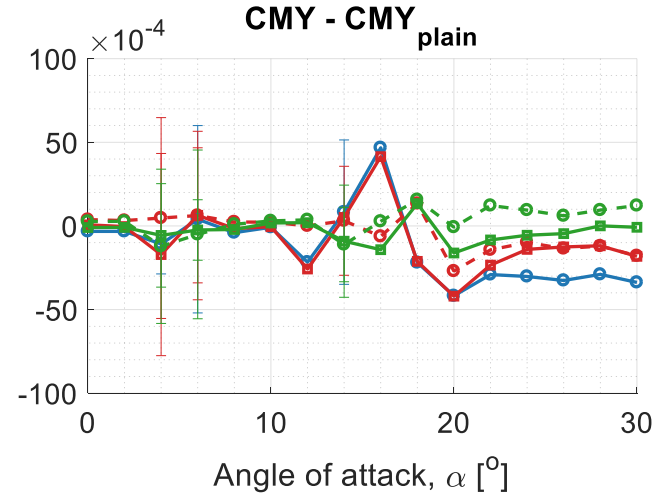
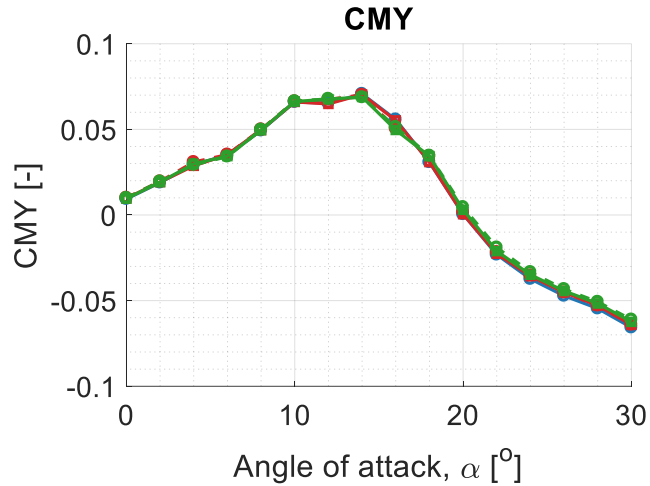
Explicit solver      Implicit solver

Mach 0.8



# Comparison – CMY vs. $\alpha$ at neutral point

## Mach 0.8, $h=10$ km



# Comparison – Altitude, $\alpha=0^\circ$

